

Which Road for PAC— Dayton or Allentown?

— See Page 2 —

Workers of the World, Unite!

THE MILITANT

PUBLISHED WEEKLY IN THE INTERESTS OF THE WORKING PEOPLE

VOL. XI.—No. 38.

NEW YORK, N. Y., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1947.

9

PRICE: FIVE CENTS

'EAT LESS' SAY CAPITALIST POLITICIANS

\$16,000 Militant Fund Drive Opens

By Rose Karsner

NATIONAL CAMPAGNE DIRECTOR

With this issue, we launch the \$16,000 Militant Fund campaign to run until December 15. The Socialist Workers Party has assigned quotas to its branches, subject to acceptance or revision by its members.

Skyrocketing prices hit The Militant extremely hard. Toward the end of last year, our printing bill more than doubled. This forced a reduction from eight to six pages and retrenchments all along the line. Since then production costs have risen higher, eating up our reserves. With your help we can avert further retrenchments.

A list of the assigned quotas is printed on Page 5. The following 14 branches or locals have already voted to accept the figure printed: Akron, Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Los Angeles, Lynn, Milwaukee, Newark, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Seattle, Twin Cities and Youngstown. We have yet to hear from 16 branches. As soon as all the acceptances are in, we will begin printing the Score Board.

GOOD BEGINNING

A good beginning has been made with the following branches sending in their first installments: Newark \$60; Buffalo \$75; Youngstown \$200. Members of the Socialist Workers Party have sustained The Militant throughout the years, making many personal sacrifices in the spirit of an investment in the future. They have done so because they are convinced that The Militant fights for a better world.

In addition to pledges from our members for this special fund, the Socialist Workers Party branches will hold Militant Celebrations the week of November 9-15 which is the 19th anniversary of the founding of the paper.

FROM THE BRANCHES

MINNEAPOLIS—Grace Carlson: At last night's branch meeting, we voted to accept the Twin Cities' quota of \$1,000. The joint Executive Committees will meet to plan for the Militant Anniversary Celebration. We hope that the amount raised at this celebration will be an over-subscription of our quota. At last night's meeting, 12 comrades pledged \$445. We think that this is a good omen!

MILWAUKEE—J. O'Connell: The job will be a little tougher than last time, but we pledge ourselves to do our best to meet the assigned quota.

CLEVELAND—Almeda Kingsley: We feel that \$250 is a very comfortable figure and may be able to go over this amount.

EUREKA, Calif. — Member-at-large: I accept the \$15 quota. Will

try to do better if I possibly can. We feel confident that in the present \$16,000 Militant Fund campaign the Socialist Workers Party will, as in the past, raise the full amount. But we really need more than this sum. We want to raise enough money to relieve The Militant of financial worries and thus give them time to concentrate on improving the paper and expanding its circulation.

With this in mind, we are making a special appeal to The Militant readers to help on both fronts—editorial as well as financial. (See "Open Letter to Our Readers" on Page 5.) If our hopes for the kind of a response we expect from our readers come true, we will far exceed the \$16,000 and realize our dream of sailing along for months ahead without worries.

Packing Workers Advocate Sliding Scale of Wages

SO. ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 15—The current issue of *Workers' Outlook*, organ of CIO United Packinghouse Workers Local 4, urges labor to fight for escalator wage clauses in all union contracts as "a real lever against inflation."

Such escalator clauses, based on the sliding scale principle, would require employers to raise wages automatically in direct proportion to rising living costs.

The *Outlook* recalls that the UPWA demands such a clause in national negotiations last year in the form of a "cost-of-living bonus," but failed to press the demand.

"Had we been successful then in gaining this demand," says the Local 4 paper, "we would not be faced by such acute financial problems today. With each new month as the cost of living rose, we would have automatically received the increase in our pay checks."

Urging the whole labor movement to make the escalator clause a major demand in the fight on high prices, the *Outlook* observes that the big employers would not be so quick to boost prices "if it would mean having to pay their employees the increase in more wages."

Lewis Blocks Surrender Move by AFL Council

United Mine Workers President John L. Lewis last week spiked the scheme of the AFL Executive Council to capitulate to the infamous Taft-Hartley Slave Labor Law in the matter of filing with the National Labor Relations Board signed affidavits swearing that the top officers of the AFL are not communists.

Under an interpretation of the law by NLRB General Counsel Robert N. Denham, known as the "Labor Czar," all officers of union federations, as well as all officers of their affiliates, must sign the anti-communist statement. Otherwise every affiliate is automatically barred from the right of appeal to the NLRB or to legal recognition as a collective bargaining agency.

Lewis, in a reportedly stormy session of the AFL Council, flatly refused to sign any affidavit or make any other concession to the Slave Labor Law. Under Denham's ruling, no matter what the other AFL officials did, Lewis' single refusal blocked all AFL collaboration with the NLRB, which under the present law is strictly an agency for aiding the employers against the unions.

The UMW leader made his stand entirely on principle, raging at the other AFL leaders as "cowards" and "weaklings" for their willingness to bow in any respect before the Taft-Hartley Act.

He made it clear that his objec-

SWP Again Demands US Recall Arms

Cannon Answers Armour On Dutch War In Java

NEW YORK, Sept. 17—In a reply sent to the State Department today, James P. Cannon, national secretary of the Socialist Workers Party, vigorously renewed the SWP's demand that the U. S. State Department immediately recall lend-lease equipment being used by the Dutch in their colonial war against the Indonesian Republic.

The SWP demand was pressed in response to a letter from Norman Armour, Assistant Secretary of State, who last week undertook a defense of the Truman administration's double-dealing policy on Indonesia, for the second time since the SWP protest was first made.

Armour's latest attempt at covering the State Department's bloody tracks admits in effect that the Dutch government had used lend-lease armaments in a manner "not contemplated in the original agreement." Yet, as Cannon points out, "the State Department still refuses to exercise its right to recapture this equipment, or even to voice a protest."

DEAD ISSUE

The Assistant Secretary of State goes out of his way to make it appear that the issue is now a dead one. He refers to "the use of American lend-lease material" by the Dutch forces in Indonesia. Prior to the Dutch compliance with the cease-fire request issued by the Security Council of the United Nations.

But Cannon's reply makes it clear that this is an evasion, and nothing else: "Despite the Dutch 'compromise' with the cease-fire request of the U. S. Security Council, recent dispatches indicate that this war continues, with the Netherlands' forces continuing to employ lend-lease equipment, in exactly the same manner" as before.

Repeating the demand for immediate recapture of this lend-lease material, Cannon's letter concludes: "The State Department cannot hope, by raising irrelevant issues, to evade its own share of responsibility for the crimes committed against the Indonesian people whose struggle for complete independence is supported by every champion of liberty in this country."

See Page 4 for an editorial and the full text of the latest exchange between the SWP and the State Department. See the Aug. 18 *Militant* for the text of the previous correspondence on this issue.

SWP Councilmanic Candidate Sentenced by Philadelphia Judge

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13—Irene LeCompte, Socialist Workers Party candidate for City Council from the 7th District, and Pauline Goldenberg, campaign manager and party pre-emptor, got a sample of capitalist justice yesterday when reactionary Republican Judge McDevitt imposed a \$100 fine or 30 days in jail on the former and \$50 or 30 days on the latter.

Similar fines or jail terms were imposed on I. Jack Radar, Workers Party candidate from the 5th District, and Francis E. Carner, WP pre-emptor. Charges against Naomi Berman, another SWP pre-emptor, were dropped.

HELD FOUR HOURS

Upon request for bail by David H. Felix, Joint Defense Committee attorney, the labor-hating judge set \$1000 bail on each defendant. All four were held in the city jail for four hours until bail was raised and an appeal against the conviction was filed with the State Superior Court. Hearing on the ap-

Build a Labor Party NOW!



Fight Wall Street Hunger Program with Weapon of Labor Political Action

By Art Preis

"Eat less and eat less extravagantly."

That is the cynical and brutal "solution" to high prices offered by American capitalism and its bi-partisan political machine in Washington.

That is the cold-blooded advice American workers, already pulling in their belts because of the high cost of living, heard from Senator Taft last week.

"PRICE RELIEF"

That is the "price relief" offered millions of harassed housewives forced to put skimpy, starchy meals on the table as meat shot to a \$1 a pound, eggs to \$1 a dozen, butter to \$1.05 a pound, milk to 20 cents a quart.

"Eat less" is the program of the monopolies, including the giant food trusts, which are gorging on the greatest profits feast in history.

Republican Taft's call for "voluntary" hunger—"eat less"—is only the crude expression of the policy actually being pushed by both political wings of Wall Street, Democratic and Republican.

Truman himself advanced this same formula in his Mid-Year Economic Report of July 21 when he urged "a campaign for strict economy in the use of certain foods through personal restraint."

Administration spokesmen last week expounded this same hunger program. Chester C. Davis, chairman of Truman's Famine Emergency Committee; Under Secretary of Agriculture Norris E. Dodd; and Secretary of Commerce W. Averil Harriman spoke against price control and rationing. They proposed "voluntary" reduction in food consumption—"Eat less!"

NOT FOR THE RICH

This formula, of course, doesn't go for everybody. It doesn't go for the rich who can continue to stuff their fat bellies. No matter how high prices go, they can afford to pay it. It doesn't go for the big meat packers, whose profits have soared as much as 300%. Their Packers Institute can still serve itself a banquet, with 3,000 steaks,

(Continued on Page 2)

NMU Progressives Fight For Democratic Unionism

By C. Thomas

AGREE with the policy laid down by the Communist Party. Those who thought otherwise were made the target of a murderous attack. An instance of this brand of "democracy" occurred at the Fifth Convention in 1945 in the vote on the no-strike pledge. Four delegates at the convention voted against the no-strike resolution. The Stalinists were infuriated. They demanded a unanimous vote of approval.

SECTION REOPENED

Although the vote had been taken, the question was reopened and the Stalinist machine went to work on the four opposing delegates. They whipped up a veritable lynch hysteria. A notorious Stalinist flunkie, the hero of a wartime article in Collier's magazine entitled: "Readin', Writin', and No Strikin'," set the tone of the "discussion" by declaring:

"There is no question in my mind that the enemies of the working class have infiltrated into the NMU and gotten aboard some of our ships; and through their insidious propaganda and slimy, snake-like ways, they sit in this room and agitate and aggravate the legitimate grievances of the seamen."

With this type of argumentation it is needless to say the Stalinists got their "unanimous" vote. This is the kind of "democracy" that prevailed in the NMU under Stalin control.

Internal union democracy was interpreted to mean the right to

SLANDERED AND PURGED

The opposition first came out into the open in November 1945. It had been bottled up in the Stalinist-dominated National Council for almost a year without the membership being aware of the dispute. Individual oppositionists were slandered, smeared, framed and purged by the ruthless Stalinist machine.

Internal union democracy was interpreted to mean the right to

peal was set for next March.

These convictions developed out of the SWP and WP attempts to enter candidates in the municipal election. Both parties were cited for contempt for refusing, on advice of counsel, to answer questions before the County Board of Elections.

Since the Democrats had already declared they would challenge the nomination papers in Common Pleas Court, Defense Attorney Felix held the Election Board had no jurisdiction to make a decision.

All this weighed but little when the case came before the obviously prejudiced judge. The defense attorney's offer to present the defendants for questioning so they could purge themselves of the contempt charges left McDevitt unmoved. When Felix asked for termination of the contempt charges, McDevitt declared: "I shall give you a termination," and then proceeded to dish out the sentences. The entire hearing, more like a court-martial than a civil trial, took only 10 minutes.

Efforts to terrorize the SWP and

KICK OUT THE PROFITEERS!

An Editorial

Washington has given its answer to the top union leaders who rely on the capitalist government to halt the price-gougers. That answer is summed up in the savage injunction to the American workers—"Eat less!"

Such private monopolies are an intolerable menace that must be smashed. Production must be organized for the needs of the people. The profiteers must be kicked out, their control utterly destroyed.

The food and other vital industries must be taken over by the government and operated under the control of the working people. A real fight against monopoly means, above all, EXPROPRIATION OF THE TRUSTS.

The workers and all other low-income consumers must be mobilized in mass action to carry out their own price control, to ferret out the profiteers, uncover food hoards held for speculation, enforce fair and equitable distribution of scarce necessities. Not Truman's FBI, but MASS CONSUMERS COMMITTEES OF ACTION will halt the price-gougers.

The final and definitive answer to Wall Street's inflation-hunger program is political action. The political rule of the monopolies must be broken by the independent political action of the workers. Labor and its allies among the lower-middle class and poor farmers must fight for governmental power through their own LABOR PARTY.

When the working people run the government and make the laws, they will wipe out the monopolies and profiteering. They will ensure planned, full production, low prices and a high standard of living.

Today a handful of monopolists control the

Which Road for PAC—Dayton or Allentown?

By Art Preis

Shall the CIO Political Action Committee run its own independent labor candidates for public office or shall it continue to support so-called "pro-labor" candidates of the two capitalist parties, Democratic and Republican?

That is the key question confronting PAC, labor's most extensive organization for the mobilization of the workers on the political field.

The correct answer to that question is indicated by two recent election campaigns, one in Dayton, O., and the other in Allentown, Pa.

In Dayton, the local PAC campaigned for its own independent candidates in the primary elections for City Commission. It backed Charles E. Sims, president of the

Local CIO Council, and C. Josef McLin, a Negro leader and former CIO member, against the candidates of both the Democratic and Republican parties.

PAC's candidates faced a ferocious red-baiting, anti-Negro attack from the combined Democratic and Republican machines and the entire press of the area. Big money was poured out by the bosses to defeat the PAC ticket. There was no little connivery and dirty work by the Election Board to deprive the PAC candidates of their full vote.

Despite all the obstacles, the PAC candidates won a victory that surpassed the most optimistic hopes. Sims gained the highest vote of four candidates nominated in the primaries — the highest vote, in fact, any candidate in a similar election had ever achieved. His running mate, McLin, took

third place. McLin was barely cheated out of second place by Election Board malfeasance.

By contrast to the Dayton events, was the campaign for U. S. Representative from the Eighth Congressional District in Pennsylvania, where the main center of population is Allentown. There the CIO Political Action Committee, together with AFL, Railroad Brotherhood and independent unions, backed a Democratic Party candidate against a Republican.

This was hailed nationally as a significant campaign to indicate the trend for 1948. The national CIO leaders threw their whole weight behind Storch, the Democrat. Money and skilled organizers were poured into his campaign.

Yet the final results were an admitted fiasco. The Republican candidate won by

the highest margin ever achieved by the GOP in any similar election. The CIO News conceded "an overwhelming defeat."

The CIO paper editorially attempts to explain this defeat on the grounds that it is almost impossible in a short campaign to beat a highly-geared political organization.

But this reason is false to the core. The Dayton PAC faced far more formidable obstacles in the way of "highly-geared" opponent political organizations and a hostile press. Nevertheless, it brought out nearly double the previous, highest primary vote and scored a triumph.

The real reason for the Allentown fiasco, after all the energy and money the CIO and other unions put behind the Democratic candidate, is that the Democratic Party is discredited. The attempt to palm off Demo-

cratic candidates as "progressives" and "friends of labor" is failing less and less people.

They know that the Democratic machine of big city bosses, corrupt politicians and Southern Bourbons has no program fundamentally different today than the Republican machine. They know that price inflation, the housing crisis, huge taxes, the threat of a new imperialist war, the passage of anti-labor legislation was far developed under the rule of the Democrats and is now being carried further by the bi-partisan Congress under a Republican majority.

It is no longer possible for PAC to inspire the workers to campaign vigorously and vote in record numbers for the Democratic Party or any candidate tainted with its label.

But in Dayton, O., where the PAC ran candidates against both old parties, where

these candidates campaigned on a genuine labor program, the workers responded in overwhelming numbers. They visited every home in the area, they got out the registration, they thronged to the polls — to vote for their own candidates and not phony falsely labeled "friends of labor."

Two roads stand before PAC — the Dayton or the Allentown. The Allentown road of supporting capitalist party candidates can lead labor only to a precipice. The Dayton road of genuine independent labor political action will lead labor to political power and a great new life for the working people.

It is the duty of the CIO militants to build PAC, to aid its financial campaigns, to help turn out a record registration for 1948 — and, above all, to turn it down the Dayton road, the road to victory.

Capitalist Trusts, Imperialist War—Breeders of Ravaging Price Inflation

By Arthur Burch

Throwing all caution to the winds the Big Business profiteers have embarked upon an orgy of price boosting that has carried most commodities to an all-time high, eclipsing even the 1920 inflationary peak. Reports from 68 cities on Sept. 9 showed that food prices had risen 34.1% over a 13-month period. The Bureau of Labor Statistics indicates a boost of more than 160% in farm products since 1941, and more than 282% since 1926.

What is the cause of this dizzy spiral in prices?

First of all there is World War II with its colossal expenditures. In addition to huge government loans, billions of new paper currency were issued, thus diluting the value of the dollar. Moreover, the greater part of the productivity of the country during the war years was directed toward building machines for destruction instead of commodities that the people could use, leaving a tremendous vacuum of basic necessities. And then there was the war-induced destruction of the productive machinery and products throughout the world.

TAXED TO PAY WAR COSTS

These enormous war costs were met by heavy taxation on an already overburdened people. The large war-time taxes on corporations were taken not out of profits but were added by the Big Business hogs to the prices of commodities.

The Second World War is over but the payment for it continues. Five billion dollars are collected every year by the financial sharks in the shape of interest on government bonds. Then there are the heavy expenditures in preparation for World War III, along with the additional billions expended for propping up reactionary governments throughout the world. All this totals a yearly sum of almost 40 billion dollars which must be met out of present production and must be added to the bill that the people pay for necessities.

Besides these enormous war expenditures, there is the take of the financial and industrial hogs in the shape of exorbitant profits, which are today the highest on record, far surpassing those of 1929. 402 corporations listed on the Stock Exchange reported a 97.9% increase in profits in the first six months of 1947 over those of a similar period last year. We get an inkling of the size of this grab when we realize that the 1946 take was larger than that of the luscious war years which in turn far exceeded those of pre-war days. It isn't hard to see that

the elimination of these exorbitant profits would mean a sizable lowering in prices.

But the monopolists are not satisfied with making profits from their industrial enterprises. In addition they receive stupendous sums from speculating on the stock and commodity exchanges, not to mention the interest that bankers receive from loaning money to these speculators. Millions of bushels of wheat, corn and other products are sold and resold at ever increasing prices before they even reach the processors.

Each profiteer takes his slice out of each transaction, all adding to the price that the consumer must pay. These transactions total in the billions of dollars in the course of a year. Thus despite increasing prices, it is noteworthy that the farmer's slice of the consumers' food dollar declined from 56 cents in March to 52 cents in May.

The government of the industrialists in Washington is doing its share to keep prices out of reach of the consumer's pocketbook. For instance, at a time when eggs are selling for a dollar a dozen, the federal government still owns 138 million dozen in dried and frozen form which it refuses to put on the market.

SYSTEM OF SCARCITY

The most important factor behind the present high prices is the anarchy of capitalist production which is geared not to the needs of the people but to the profits of the industrialists. The greatest profits are made in periods of scarcity and the industrialists are continually scheming to bring about scarcity even in periods of plenty. During the early Thirties when there was a surplus of farm products because a large section of the American people could not afford to buy them, Wall Street planned and executed the simple device of ploughing under wheat and cotton, and paying the large landowners for not producing.

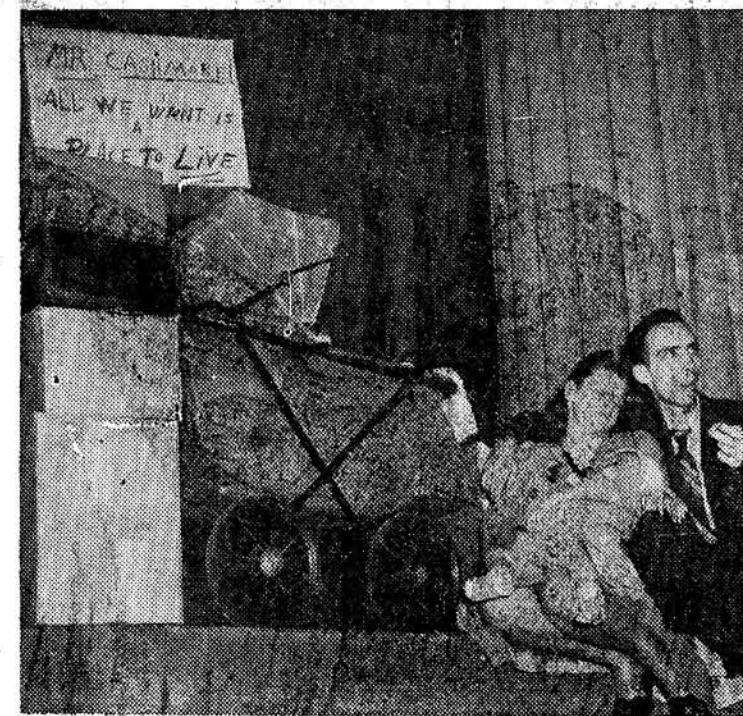
Today there is a tremendous shortage of steel not only in this country but throughout the world. But the large steel owners refuse to expand the industry since they can make more money by charging exorbitant prices than by providing for the needs of the people. With additional steel the farmers throughout the world could be supplied with tractors and other farm implements as well as other commodities which they would gladly take in exchange for grain, and thus have an incentive to turn over the food products to a hungry world.

There is a great need for fertilizer which is inadequate because of the lack of power facilities which cannot be built up because of the steel shortage. If not for this countless bushels could have been added to the corn and other crops.

But the needs of the people are not part of the planning of the industrialists. Even in the midst of the present world-wide food shortage they destroyed millions of bushels of potatoes, acres of vegetables and citrus fruit. Wall Street can plan war and scarcity but not abundance.

As against the third party demagogic of the Stalinists, spokesmen for the opposition counterpose the of

Another Homeless Family



Evicted from their one-room Brooklyn flat, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Muise and 1-year-old daughter Janet wait on the steps of Borough Hall to see Borough President Joseph Cashmore. "All we want is a place to live," says the sign addressed to Cashmore.

(Federated Picture)

Maritime Convention to Debate Political Action, Foreign Policy

By C. Thomas

the internal struggle of the CIO Political Action Committee.

The internal struggle in the CIO National Maritime Union will occupy the center of the stage at the Sixth National Convention. Everything else will be so much window dressing. The Stalinists, fighting desperately to re-establish their monopoly control of the union, will attempt to use the convention to further this end. The forces led by President Joseph Curran will strive to further loosen the grip of the CP machine on the union apparatus.

Under the constitution of the NMU the convention does not elect officers. Union officials are elected at stated periods of referendum vote of the membership. Because of this fact the struggle will probably take place over proposals to democratize the union structure.

As the Stalinists have a decisive majority in the NMU National Council, they will oppose any move to strip that body of its power and authority. The Curran group, depending more and more on the direct intervention of the membership, must seek to strengthen that counterweight to the CP-controlled National Council.

MAIN CONFLICT

Apart from the internal dispute, the main conflict promises to be over political policy, both domestic and foreign. It seems that the Stalinist third party counterfeit has been taken as good coin by leaders of the opposition. They have even deceived many of their own followers into believing that the "Third Party" and the independent Labor Party mean one and the same thing.

As against the third party demagogic of the Stalinists, spokesmen for the opposition counterpose the of

who will be loyal to, and controlled by, the organized labor movement.

There is actually no difference between them. The Stalinists declare that they are for a third party modelled after the American Labor Party in New York. But the policy of the ALP under Stalinist leadership has been in no way different from that of the CIO-PAC. Both have followed a policy of endorsing capitalist politicians for public office under the discredited Gompers formula of "supporting friends and punishing enemies." It is this policy that has led to the present political impotence of the organized labor movement.

Above all, the Stalinists must be fought, not as "communists" which they are not, but as a reactionary gang of disrupters who have sown dissension and discord in the union and have sold out and betrayed the seamen. Any resort to red-baiting will only serve to build them up.

What is necessary is to strip them of their demagogic pretenses, expose their reactionary role and destroy their influence. This can be done only by counterposing to their policy of class collaboration a militant program of working class struggle on both the economic and political front.

NMU Progressives Fight For Democratic Unionism

(Continued from Page 1)

paper in the country which today devotes so large a part of its space to the publication of rank and file letters expressing various shades of opinion in the union.

NEED CONTROL

The Stalinists are horrified at this development. They bemoan the lack of "unity" in the organization and yearn for a return to the "good old days" when everything was "unanimous"—or else! They long for a docile membership that can be led like sheep into every twist and turn of the zigzagging CP line. To achieve this brand of "unity" they need control, absolute and unchallenged control, through which every dissenter can be clubbed into submission.

One of the main disputes at the

convention will revolve around the proposals for constitutional changes in the organization structure of the union. The proposals which seek greater rank and file control will be supported by all those who oppose the totalitarian "unity" of the Stalinist demagogues.

Genuine unity depends upon the fullest exercise of internal union democracy. The NMU members who have cast off the bureaucratic Stalinist yoke can preserve their hard won rights by fighting to retain and extend the utmost freedom of rank and file expression and opinion and full membership control of the union.

The supreme examples of such capitalist "planning" under capitalism were seen in Germany under Hitler, in Italy under Mussolini, even in the democratic United States, the capitalists were able to plan production only as part of their imperialist war program.

The truth is that all the evils of

monopoly ownership and control are inseparable parts of the capitalist system today. The only way to get

Wallace's Tilt At Trusts Is Just a Demagogic Pose

By Evelyn Atwood

Any politician who claims to be progressive must pose as an opponent of the big monopolies which dominate American economic life. Thus, Henry Wallace, millionaire publisher and ex-Vice-President, has come forward with his program for curbing the power of the trusts and guaranteeing full employment, maximum production and lower prices.

The entire Sept. 8 issue of Wallace's weekly magazine, *New Republic*, is devoted to articles exposing the most notorious abuses by the big monopoly combinations; restriction of production, soaring prices, exorbitant profits. In his editorial, Wallace draws the balance sheet of these damning facts and sketches his solution.

As the magazine points out, despite a whole series of government trust-busting gestures over the past 50 years, the monopolies have never ceased to grow in size and power. Now the Anti-Trust division of the Department of Justice is embarking on still another "investigation" and protracted court actions against the trusts. Wallace, unlike the old school of "trust-busting" places no hope in "trust-busting" by government action—a frank enough admission of the bankruptcy of the liberal's methods of struggle against monopoly.

If government "trust-busting" won't work, what will? What does Wallace offer in its place?

WALLACE'S PLAN

Wallace confines himself to admonishing the monopolists not to overreach themselves in their lust for profits and plunder. He wants to "encourage" and "educate" the Wall Street pirates to go a little slower. He pleads: "I hope these larger businessmen will begin to show more capacity to plan for the general welfare. They know how to plan with great skill for their own businesses. All they need to do is lift their eyes a little higher." And he guarantees that if the greedy profiteers follow his advice, they will get "even greater profits."

In these noble-sounding words, Wallace cunningly introduces the utterly false notion that since the monopolists organize and plan their own factory and finance systems for private profit, that they can also organize and plan for the needs of society as a whole.

He suppresses the fact that in organizing so efficiently for their profits, the monopolists inevitably produce at the same time the present soaring prices, curtailed production, unemployment — in other words, they organize one crisis after another, each worse than the last.

The supreme examples of such capitalist "planning" under capitalism were seen in Germany under Hitler, in Italy under Mussolini, even in the democratic United States, the capitalists were able to plan production only as part of their imperialist war program.

The truth is that all the evils of

monopoly ownership and control are inseparable parts of the capitalist system today. The only way to get



working people to separate the means of production from their present parasitic owners. After expropriating the monopolists, the working people themselves must then take over the control and management of the plants and factories.

This is a genuine trust-busting program. There is no other.

Our Program:

1. Defend labor's standard of living!

A sliding scale of wages — an escalator wage clause in all union contracts to provide automatic wage increases to meet the rising cost of living!

Organize mass consumers committees for independent action against profiteering and price-gouging!

Expropriate the food trusts! Operate them under workers control!

2. Full employment and job security for all workers and veterans!

For the 6-hour day, 30-hour week! A sliding scale of hours—reduce the hours of work with no reduction in pay to prevent layoffs and unemployment!

Government operation of all idle plants under workers' control! Unemployment insurance equal to trade union wages for workers and veterans during the entire period of unemployment!

3. Against all anti-labor laws and government strike-breaking!

No restrictions on the right to strike and picket!

No injunctions! No compulsory arbitration!

4. Build an independent labor party!

5. Tax the rich, not the poor!

Repeal the payroll tax! No taxes on incomes under \$5,000 a year!

6. An 18 billion dollar appropriation for government low-rent housing!

7. Full equality for Negroes and national minorities!

End Jim Crow! End anti-Semitism!

8. For a veterans' organization sponsored by the trade unions!

9. A working class answer to capitalist militarism and war.

Take the war-making powers away from Congress! Let the people vote on the question of war or peace!

Against capitalist conscription!

Abolish the officer caste system!</

The Rapid Growth Of The NAACP

By J. R. Johnson

The NAACP, I am informed, now has close to one million members. I doubt if many people know this. And I am pretty certain that if they do, few except the Marxists can understand what this means. It is one of the surest signs of the insoluble social crisis in the United States.

This growth has taken place during the last 12 years. In 1935, the membership was quite insignificant. In 1939, it was about 300,000. By 1943, it was half a million. And now in 1947, it is almost one million. The Negro population is only 15 million. There is a small number of whites in the NAACP. But the large majority of the membership is Negro. And when one out of every fifteen of the Negroes in the United States joins an organization aiming at the destruction of Negro oppression and discrimination, that becomes an indication of a tremendous social ferment in the nation as a whole.

What is it that has moved these Negroes to this tremendous mobilization? The answer is simple. There is obviously a dislocation of the whole social order which drives them towards uniting their forces for struggle. They are impelled towards the search for solidarity because they realize that all the great problems of the nation and of the Negro minority are now being posed. They gird themselves for a solution of their own.

Look at those dates again. 1935 to 1947. To any Marxist student of American life, those dates must immediately call to mind the formation of the CIO. Precisely during this time when the Negroes were just beginning to organize themselves, the labor movement of the United States accomplished one of the most astonishing mobilizations in the history of the working class.

The proletariat, in some of its deepest layers, felt that the foundations of American society were cracking under its feet. Instinctively the long-overdue organization of industrial unions appeared, heaving out of the depths of dislocated capitalist society. If the CIO is a response of labor to the crisis of American society, then the organization of Negroes in the NAACP is a response which has the same roots. Both are the reaction of Americans to the crisis of the American environment.

The NAACP response is not so much a Negro as an American phenomenon. But precisely because these Americans are Negroes, the mass mobilizations assume the astounding ratio of roughly one out of the Garvey movement. It took

Scientific socialism is the conscious expression of the unconscious historical process; namely, the instinctive and elemental drive of the proletariat to reconstruct society on communist lines. These organic tendencies in the mass army of workers spring to life with utmost rapidity today in the epoch of crises and wars.

—Leon Trotsky, 1940

of every fifteen Negroes in the nation. The Negroes are more bitter oppressed, more disgusted, more humiliated, than any other section of the population. That is the reason why they react so strongly to the stimuli of a disintegrating society.

That is what is important, the mass movement towards organization. It expresses the sense that the conditions are intolerable; that the possibility of change exists, that it is necessary to act. Whenever hundreds of thousands of people take action of any significant kind there is an infallible sign of social contradictions expressing themselves. That being said, however, it is now possible to say certain other things. The NAACP, as led by Walter White and his fellow-fakers, is an organization miserably inadequate for the great cause it is designed to serve. For years it has distinguished itself by its inability to mobilize its followers for mass action. It has done useful work in publicizing such barbarisms as lynching. It has fought cases in the courts. It has carried out a strictly legalistic type of propaganda and agitation.

But militant Negroes have long recognized the NAACP's fear of militant mass action. Today some leaders are in the saddle and with their long training, they undoubtedly wish nothing more than to carry on in the manner which has distinguished them in the past. But history is overtaking them. An organization of one million is vastly different from an organization of one thousand. Furthermore, the Negro population in the United States is predominantly proletarian or semi-proletarian. The moment you read a ratio like 1 to 15 it means that a substantial number of that million consists of workers or members of working class families.

The very size of the organization gives confidence to its membership. They have not joined in order to send more telegrams to Washington or to take more cases before the Supreme Court. They want action. The NAACP is therefore in a state of turmoil. The membership is pressing for action. The leadership searches for some sort of program. It is impossible here to give any forecast as to what the result will be.

For the time being, however, this much can be said. The fate of the extraordinary mass movement rests with the great social forces of the nation. This growth of the NAACP is not an accident. It represents the Negro mobilization following World War II which corresponds to the Negro mobilization that followed World War I. That mobilization was the Garvey movement. It took

the new revolutionary upsurge is convulsing Italy. Grinding hunger and poverty, coupled with alarm over the swift growth of armed fascist bands, are driving the workers and farm laborers into action against the de Gasperi government.

On Sept. 1 some 1,000 partisans marched into Casale Monferrato, a city of about 30,000 inhabitants in Northwest Italy. Together with 1,200 local partisans they took over the government. They then called a general strike, which lasted a number of days.

This demonstration was occasioned by the Government's freeing of six local fascists who had been condemned to death by Popular Tribunals after the fall of Mussolini.

On Sept. 8 an estimated 600,000 to 1,000,000 agricultural workers went on strike at the height of the harvesting season. They demanded:

(1) jobs for the unemployed; (2) wage increases; (3) regulations to prevent unjustified dismissals; (4) cost-of-living and family bonuses.

BEGAN STRIKE

On Sept. 16 some 300,000 steel workers began a two-day general strike when negotiations with the Italian steel kings, under way since last Feb. 27, broke down.

In addition to these strikes, some 500,000 textile workers threatened to down tools. And 1,100,000 state employees are pressing their demand for a sliding scale of wages; that is, automatic wage increases as the cost of living goes up.

Smaller strikes and demonstrations are flaring all over Italy. Cities affected by general strikes or major walk-outs of key trades included Catanzaro, Florence, Messina and Foggia.

The Italian workers suffer from the same general evils of capitalism as the American workers, except far more acutely. Prices have soared beyond reach of the working class family while the capitalists stubbornly resist demands to bring wages up to reasonable levels. The de Gasperi government, installed by the Allied occupation forces, is far more interested in keeping in Wall Street's good graces than in turning loose productive forces that could end inflation and heal the wounds of World War II in the shortest possible time.

The motion was immediately adopted by the meeting, amid many expressions of enthusiasm for the suggestion.

This will be the NAACP's first step toward linking up with the labor movement in this city. It is to be hoped that other branches elsewhere will follow in taking this wise and necessary action toward solving the problems of the Negro people.

A hundred dollars was collected at the meeting for the defense of Mrs. James. The Socialist Workers Party pamphlet, "A Practical Program to Kill Jim Crow" was sold at the door.

The recent swift growth of the

U.S. Delegates Sharpen Conflict With Moscow in UN Assembly

"We Want to Live"



That's what the sign says as thousands of French workers protest rising food prices and demand effective action to curb inflation.

(Federated Picture)

Mass Demonstrations Sweep Italy As Fascist Danger Alarms People

By Joseph Hansen

A new revolutionary upsurge is convulsing Italy. Grinding hunger and poverty, coupled with alarm over the swift growth of armed fascist bands, are driving the workers and farm laborers into action against the de Gasperi government.

On Sept. 1 some 1,000 partisans marched into Casale Monferrato, a city of about 30,000 inhabitants in Northwest Italy. Together with 1,200 local partisans they took over the government. They then called a general strike, which lasted a number of days.

This demonstration was occasioned by the Government's freeing of six local fascists who had been condemned to death by Popular Tribunals after the fall of Mussolini.

On Sept. 8 an estimated 600,000 to 1,000,000 agricultural workers went on strike at the height of the harvesting season. They demanded:

(1) jobs for the unemployed; (2) wage increases; (3) regulations to prevent unjustified dismissals; (4) cost-of-living and family bonuses.

BEGAN STRIKE

On Sept. 16 some 300,000 steel workers began a two-day general strike when negotiations with the Italian steel kings, under way since last Feb. 27, broke down.

In addition to these strikes, some 500,000 textile workers threatened to down tools. And 1,100,000 state employees are pressing their demand for a sliding scale of wages; that is, automatic wage increases as the cost of living goes up.

Smaller strikes and demonstrations are flaring all over Italy. Cities affected by general strikes or major walk-outs of key trades included Catanzaro, Florence, Messina and Foggia.

The Italian workers suffer from the same general evils of capitalism as the American workers, except far more acutely. Prices have soared beyond reach of the working class family while the capitalists stubbornly resist demands to bring wages up to reasonable levels. The de Gasperi government, installed by the Allied occupation forces, is far more interested in keeping in Wall Street's good graces than in turning loose productive forces that could end inflation and heal the wounds of World War II in the shortest possible time.

The motion was immediately adopted by the meeting, amid many expressions of enthusiasm for the suggestion.

This will be the NAACP's first step toward linking up with the labor movement in this city. It is to be hoped that other branches elsewhere will follow in taking this wise and necessary action toward solving the problems of the Negro people.

A hundred dollars was collected at the meeting for the defense of Mrs. James. The Socialist Workers Party pamphlet, "A Practical Program to Kill Jim Crow" was sold at the door.

The recent swift growth of the

are prepared to use them. But the ing accounts with the armed fascists. They are trying to keep the remarks from its report of his speech. And the American Daily Worker (Sept. 15) attacked the reports about the imminence of a "Communist uprising and civil war" but also the end of Stalinism.

They want to sell out the Italian revolution as they have sold out previous revolutions. Whether they will succeed in this reactionary aim is another question. There are persistent reports of growing dissatisfaction among the ranks of the Italian Stalinists over the perfidious role of Togliatti and the other bureaucrats...

A BRAKE ON MILITANTS

The Stalinists are thus playing the role of a brake on the revolutionary energy of the Italian workers and farm laborers. They are trying to hold them back from settling up with the capitalist system.

UNITE REACTION

An attempt is now underway to unite all the monarchist, fascist, and similar reactionary groups under one central leadership. The aim is to repeat Mussolini'sfeat of smashing the labor movement and setting up a fascist government.

The Pope on Sept. 7 declared that the soil in Italy is ripe for revolution. "The time of the test is here... Even a few minutes can decide the victory." And to the assembled shock forces of the Italian Roman Catholic Action Society, the head of the Vatican said: "The time for thought and for projects is past; it is now the time for action. Are you ready?"

In the face of this acute fascist danger, the Stalinists are playing a treacherous game. Stalin is moving his Italian pawns with the aim of increasing his bargaining power with Wall Street. He permits them to speak radically enough to maintain their positions at the head of the popular movement, while trying to restrain the workers from taking power.

The Italian Stalinists did not dare break the stony silence that fell on the Assembly as Stalin's stinging rebuff was read. Like well-trained dogs it took only the sound of their master's voice to silence their bark.

The Italian Stalinists did not dare

break the stony silence that fell on the Assembly as Stalin's stinging rebuff was read. Like well-trained dogs it took only the sound of their master's voice to silence their bark.

THEIR MASTER'S VOICE—How the Kremlin uses the Stalinists in other lands for its own reactionary purposes has been illustrated once more in Italy.

To fall to speak out against the monstrous "peace" treaty imposed on the Italian people by the victorious Allied powers would seriously injure Stalinist influence. Consequently the Italian Stalinist chief

treasury have condemned the bandit treaty in their campaign oratory.

On Sept. 10, however, the Constituent Assembly heard the reply of the demonstrators to the Kremlin's appeal for revolution in Italy.

In the face of this acute fascist danger, the Stalinists are playing a treacherous game. Stalin is moving his Italian pawns with the aim of increasing his bargaining power with Wall Street. He permits them to speak radically enough to maintain their positions at the head of the popular movement, while trying to restrain the workers from taking power.

In the face of this acute fascist danger, the Stalinists are playing a treacherous game. Stalin is moving his Italian pawns with the aim of increasing his bargaining power with Wall Street. He permits them to speak radically enough to maintain their positions at the head of the popular movement, while trying to restrain the workers from taking power.

The implied threat is that if Stalin gives the word, Togliatti will actually organize a communist revolution in Italy. But the Stalinists are given cabinet posts in the Italian government and other valuable considerations, then Stalin will call off his dogs, thus saving Italian capitalism from the wrath of the revolutionary masses.

Togliatti is reported to have boasted in a speech that the Stalinists have 30,000 armed partisans and

are prepared to use them. But the

ing accounts with the armed fascists. They are trying to keep the

remarks from its report of his speech. And the American Daily Worker (Sept. 15) attacked the reports about the imminence of a "Communist uprising and civil war" but also the end of Stalinism.

They want to sell out the Italian revolution as they have sold out previous revolutions.

A BRAKE ON MILITANTS

The Stalinists are thus playing the role of a brake on the revolutionary energy of the Italian workers and farm laborers. They are trying to hold them back from settling up with the capitalist system.

A BRAKE ON MILITANTS

The Stalinists are thus playing the role of a brake on the revolutionary energy of the Italian workers and farm laborers. They are trying to hold them back from settling up with the capitalist system.

The United Nations General Assembly convened at Flushing Meadow, New York, Sept. 16 in an atmosphere that bore little resemblance to peace. General Marshall, fresh from his success at Petropolis, Brazil, in committing all Latin America to Wall Street's war machine, was named chief of Washington's delegation.

The Kremlin responded by naming as its chief representative, Andrei Vyshinsky, who first came to world attention as attorney for the GPU secret police in the notorious Moscow Frame-up Trials.

Two days before the session opened, Marshall fired the opening gun against the Kremlin delegation with a speech at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York that was characterized by several delegates as "a declaration of war within the United Nations."

Without naming the Soviet Union, Marshall intimated that he was heading for a "make or break" showdown in the General Assembly. The press interpreted his stand as an implied threat to force the withdrawal of the USSR from the United Nations if Washington's demands were not met. Wall Street appeared ready for far-reaching moves in the General Assembly in the "cold war" it is waging against the Soviet Union.

The obviously-inspired stories in the press intimate that Marshall seeks three objectives: (1) a frontier commission in Greece; (2) modification of use of the veto; (3) a military pact for Europe symmetrical to the one just signed in Brazil by the Latin American countries.

Wall Street's purpose in pushing for these three objectives is as follows:

Agitation for a frontier commission in Greece is designed to pin the blame on the Soviet Union for the turbulent and bloody events there and to divert attention from Wall Street's manipulations of the quelling regime it has set up in Greece.

Agitation for modification of the veto or a military pact of the above character would almost certainly result in the withdrawal of the Soviet Union and the end of the United Nations.

Thus two years after the close of World War II, the United Nations is racked by a crisis that can well

"WORST" COMMUNISTS — An Egyptian Government newspaper, Roseh-el-Youssef, informs its readers: "There is in Egypt a group affiliated to the Fourth International, which was founded by the Communist leader, Leon Trotsky. The Trotskyites are the worst kind of Communists because of their extremism . . . Yes, indeed, Messrs. Egyptian landlords and capitalists, from your point of view the Trotskyites, are truly the very worst kind of Communists—they have an unpleasant habit of matching words with deeds. (Reprinted from New Spark, organ of the Bolshevik-Leninist Party of India.)

prove fatal. The UN was launched by the victorious Allied powers under the promise it would bring enduring peace to a war-torn world. Now these same Allied powers have converted the United Nations into a mere sounding board in their preparation for a new and more frightful war among themselves.

The United Nations has proved to be nothing but a continuation of the old League of Nations which Lenin

branded as a "thieves' kitchen." It has not advanced an inch toward the solution of the burning problems besetting the post-war world.

The acute price squeeze, housing shortage, and threatened depression are some of the immediate consequences of the failure of the United Nations to bring stable peace to the world. Among the more far-reaching consequences are the continued restoration of the vast industrial machine in Europe and the Far East, the exhausting civil war in China and bloodshed in Indonesia and Indo-China, and the continued threat of atomic annihilation.

The United Nations proved impotent because it is dominated by American imperialism. Wall Street dreams of world conquest. Consequently it seeks to utilize the United Nations as a means in achieving this end.

That is why everything that happens in the UN is shaped by the deepening antagonism between capitalist America and the Soviet Union—the land Wall Street views as the principal prospective victim.

And that is why the welfare of

presides at the General Assembly instead of the dove of peace.

Resounding Victory Won By Grimethorpe Miners

After a month-long effort to break the fighting spirit and solidarity of the striking British miners, the Attlee Government was forced to bow in defeat. Pending investigation by a 3-man fact-finding commission, the National Coal Board waived its demand that the 140 men at

Grimethorpe do a 23-foot daily stint in place of their former 21-foot stint.

With this smashing victory, the conflict was the magnificent solidarity of the miners. In pit after pit the men down tools in sympathy with Grimethorpe until as many as 60,000 were idle. As the supply of coal dwindled, mills began shutting down. The Attlee regime feared nationwide paralysis of industry in face of the unyielding determination of the miners.

As government spokesmen themselves explained, the issues far transcended the immediate cause of the strike. Attlee and his cohorts are doing their utmost to safeguard British capitalism in defiance of the mandate of the people to establish socialism. To accomplish this aim they are demanding further sacrifices from the workers

THE MILITANT

Published in the Interests of the Working People

Vol. XI.—No. 38. Monday, September 22, 1947

Published Weekly by

THE MILITANT PUBLISHING ASS'N
at 116 University Place, New York 3, N. Y.
Telephone: ALgonquin 4-9330

FARRELL DOBBES, Editor

THE MILITANT follows the policy of permitting its contributors to express their own views in their articles. These views, therefore, are not necessarily representative of the views of THE MILITANT which are expressed in its editorials.

Subscriptions: \$1.00 per year; 50¢ for 6 months.
Foreign: \$2.00 per year; \$1.00 for 6 months.
Bundle orders: 3 cents per copy for 5 copies or more
in the United States.
4 cents per copy for 5 copies or more
in all foreign countries.

Entered as second class matter March 7, 1944, at the post office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.



"The historical task of our epoch consists in replacing the uncontrolled play of the market by reasonable planning, in disciplining the forces of production, compelling them to work together in harmony and obediently serve the needs of mankind."

Leon Trotsky

Capitalism's Program: Eat Less!

There is nothing new or unusual in American capitalism's solution to the war-created, profiteer-aggravated price inflation. Taft's "eat less" and Truman's "personal restraint" program express an inherent tendency of the profit system in peace and war, in boom or in crisis.

The capitalist system has always operated to impoverish the masses, to augment profits at the expense of the people's living standards. If these standards do rise slightly and temporarily for certain sections of the working class, it is through no will or virtue of the capitalists themselves. It is because of the bitter resistance and struggle of the exploited.

"Eat less" and "pull in your belts" reflects the unceasing relentless drive of the capitalist class to grab more and more wealth, to squeeze from the toilers an ever greater portion of their production and an ever larger share of the national income.

The "eat less" program of capitalism has been enforced most savagely for the past three decades. That is, during the period of the fullest development of monopoly capital, which has become an iron brake upon production. Monopoly capitalism seeks to maintain itself through scarcity, and high prices. It destroys or absorbs all competitors, blocks new productive processes, rigidly fixes production quotas.

This monopoly capitalist system in its decline and decay has spread hunger and famine and death through the whole world in two titanic wars. It has enriched a few by wasting and destroying the substance of the many. "Guns instead of butter," "Atom bombs instead of homes," —these are slogans of capitalism's program: "Eat less."

"Eat less" is the program of capitalist economic depression, when tens of millions are jobless. It was Roosevelt's program when he plowed under cotton, buried hogs, dumped oranges into the ocean while a third of the nation was in dire want. It is the Truman-Taft program of today, while the rich get richer and the poor are looted of their last pittance by war taxes and price-gouging.

Only when this rotting capitalist system is hauled to the graveyard of history, only when the planned economy and classless system of Socialism triumphs will the workers cease to be lashed by the remorseless ruling class demand: "Eat less!"

Recall U. S. Arms from Dutch!

The State Department continues to squirm, evade and reject the demand raised by James P. Cannon, in the name of the Socialist Workers Party, that the Truman administration immediately recapture all lend-lease weapons still being employed by the Dutch imperialists against the Indonesian Republic.

In his Sept. 11 letter (full text appears in the adjoining columns), Assistant Secretary Armour tries to divert attention from this most justifiable demand, by dragging in such utterly irrelevant issues as the Linggajati Agreement and the alleged fact that Moscow, too, has misused "lend-lease."

Just what bearing on Indonesia have any pretended or real malefactions of the Kremlin? How do Stalin's crimes justify the crimes of the Dutch in Indonesia? Or, for that matter, the role of silent partner played in Indonesia by the Truman administration? The State Department drags in the Soviet Union by the hair in the same way as red-baiters drag in Moscow into the internal union situations—and for the same purpose: to throw sand in the eyes of the workers.

As touches the Linggajati Agreement, its provisions for Dutch participation in an interim Indonesian government do not in any way nullify the right of the Indonesian people to defend themselves against armed assault. Least of all can Washington, on the grounds of this concession granted to the Dutch by the Indonesian authorities, plead exemption from its own responsibilities for the continued use of American lend-lease arms in the slaughter of the heroic defenders of the Indonesian Republic.

Washington's covert aid to the Dutch in Indonesia is part and parcel of Truman's foreign policy designed to bolster reaction everywhere,

no matter what the toll in human lives or how much more of the world's wealth is destroyed.

As the end-result of this policy, the workers, who will foot all the billions of new "loans" under the Truman Doctrine, will find not only their living standards constantly degraded, but the iron heel of reaction planted on their own necks. The intransigence of reaction anywhere in the world today paves the way for the installation of reactionary rule here at home.

In the most direct sense the cause of the Indonesian fighters for freedom is labor's own cause. That is why we of The Militant have repeatedly urged organized labor to come to their defense. In every union, at every workers' gathering, let labor's voice ring out clearly and resolutely in the demand that the lend-lease equipment be immediately recaptured by Washington from the Dutch imperialist enslavers and butchers!

Santo and Obermeier Cases

Government authorities are attempting to deport two American trade union officials—John Santo, director of international organization of the CIO Transport Workers Union and Michael J. Obermeier, president of Local 6, AFL Hotel and Club Employees Union.

The government seizure of these two union officials is part of Wall Street's general anti-labor drive that has included up to now such repressive measures as the Taft-Hartley Slave Labor law and the witch hunt against government employees. The purpose of this whole anti-labor offensive is to break down effective union resistance to the squeeze on the workers' standard of living and to restrict democratic rights in preparation for a Third World War.

The detention of these two union men sets up a dangerous precedent. The objective of such arrests and deportations is to break down the democratic right of the union ranks to choose officials of their own free choice. Wall Street's government aims at setting up veto power over union elections. By smashing the independence of the unions, Wall Street hopes to stifle labor's militancy.

Some workers may not feel inclined to rally to the defense of Santo and Obermeier because of their intimate association with Stalinism. The crimes of Stalinism are fresh in mind—the Stalinist support of Wall Street's war, Stalinist strikebreaking, of the wage freeze, Stalinist suppression of union democracy, etc.

But it would be a grave mistake to permit such legitimate feelings of hatred and contempt for Stalinism to undermine unyielding opposition to government interference in union affairs. The government is not trying these men for their real crimes against labor, but for their political beliefs.

If the government succeeds in ousting these officials because of their political views, then the door opens for persecution of unionists of any political persuasion frowned upon by Wall Street's henchmen.

Labor's attitude in the Santo and Obermeier cases should be: Hands off these men! It's the unions' own job to take care of Stalinism and its agents. Let Wall Street's government keep its nose out of union affairs.

Freedom Train Off The Track

Beginning its tour of 300 cities, the "Freedom Train" arrived in Philadelphia last week with three exhibit cars containing original documents relating to American history and American civil liberties.

Run by a committee dominated by Wall Street bankers and corporation lawyers, this train promises to be a hollow mockery of the deeds and traditions of the revolutionists, abolitionists and labor militants who wrested from the ruling classes the liberties we have.

As the politicians and brass hats were staging their welcome celebration in Philadelphia, an incident revealed the "Freedom Train" sponsors' true attitude to free speech and free press. Two young men were arrested and hauled away by the police for distributing pamphlets opposing compulsory military training. After they had been taken care of, Admiral Carney told the audience to "rededicate" itself to the American way of life.

The previous day candidates and campaign workers of the Socialist Workers Party and Workers Party were convicted of contempt by the Philadelphia Board of Elections and sentenced to 30 days in jail or \$100 fine. Were they guilty of corruption or chicanery at the polls? Not at all. The Republicans and Democrats have a monopoly on that business. They were penalized for attempting to place independent candidates on the ballot.

A real Freedom Train would be supported by all lovers of liberty in this country. In these days of the Taft-Hartley Act and the Washington witch-hunt, the American working class could do well to think about civil liberties and the way they are being violated. It would be good for Jim Crow elements in the poll tax cities of the South to reread the 13th, 14th and 15th Amendments which recognize equal rights, including the ballot, for the Negro people.

But this "Freedom Train" is not traveling down Freedom Road. Its engineers pretend to advance the same hard-won rights they are engaged in throwing overboard. They are the political descendants of the reactionaries these liberties were wrested from—the Tories, the slaveholders, the enemies of the labor movement.

As they see civil liberties being undermined in the very shadow of the "Freedom Train," the American people should heed the slogan of the First American Revolution: "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."



"Like Senator Taft said, if prices are too high, let 'em eat less."

Workers BOOKSHELF

FASCISM IN ACTION, U.S.

Government Printing Office, 1947, 206 pp., 40 cents.

The Reference Service of the Library of Congress has finally released *Fascism in Action*. The most valuable lesson this study teaches is the opposition of Big Business and their Washington stooges to publicizing the history and record of the Hitler, Mussolini and Franco regimes.

Last year, upon the order of the House of Representatives, the Library of Congress published 500,000 copies of *Communism in Action*. No representative raised his voice in objection. Then Representative Patman introduced a bill to print a companion study on fascism. Immediately a storm of protest broke out. Patman fought for months and finally guarantees were given that no references to fascist movements in the U.S. would appear and that the role of Big Business in financing fascism would be played down, the House authorized publication of 1,500 copies.

This very significant struggle against publication of a study of fascism shows that the men in Congress and their masters are very class-conscious. They realize that a fascist movement is one of the last resorts of decaying capitalism and that the less the American workers know about the true nature of Fascism, the more chances of success American fascism will have.

The official reason for publication of this volume was to teach the American people not only what the policies of fascist states were, but also how to prevent fascism in America. The forward to the book by Representative Patman states that it was to be "an aid to the Ameri-

can citizen in protecting himself and his children against this most dangerous movement of modern times."

Unfortunately this Library of Congress study falls far short of the praiseworthy end. This is not merely because of the sins of omission briefly noted above. It also commits a sin that the prize fighting game condemns as crooked. It pulls its punches. This is demonstrated most clearly in the chapter devoted to the relationship of organized religion to the fascist movements. It is also true in the brief section which mentions the connections between German cartels and American Big Business.

Fascism in Action can be secured by sending 40 cents to the Government Printing Office in Washington, D.C., and asking for House Document No. 401. Despite its faults and shortcomings, it is worth 40 cents, mainly for the economic data it contains.

For those workers, however, who desire a readable explanation of what fascism is and how it came to power in Germany and Italy, the best account is *Fascism and Big Business* by Daniel Guerin, published by Pioneer Publishers for \$1.75. Guerin's book pulls no punches and in detailing the rise and techniques of fascism shows how it can be halted and crushed by a militant working class.

—George Lavan

STATE DEPARTMENT AGAIN DODGES ON INDONESIA

From the Assistant Secretary of State

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

WASHINGTON

September 11, 1947

Mr. James P. Cannon
National Secretary
Socialist Workers Party
116 University Place
New York 3, N.Y.

My dear Mr. Cannon:

The receipt is acknowledged of your letter of August 13, 1947, with further reference to the use of American lend-lease material by the Dutch forces in Indonesia prior to the Dutch compliance with the cease-fire request issued by the Security Council of the United Nations.

Since the provision in the lend-lease settlement agreement between the United States and the Netherlands under which the United States has not exercised its right of re-capture has already been discussed in my letter to you of August 6, 1947, I shall not again go into that phase of the matter. However, it may be worth pointing out that the exercise of such a right in any particular case would, in a sense, oblige the United States to police the use of lend-lease material everywhere. It may also be worth noting in this connection that other countries, including the Soviet Union, have used such materials in a manner not contemplated in the original agreement.

Further, I cannot agree with your contention that United States action in the Indonesian matter is uni-

lateral in the sense that it aids only the Dutch. The United States tender of good offices and the position of this Government in the Security Council meetings have had as their object reaching a just and equitable settlement on the basis of a voluntary agreement itself, which was signed by both Indonesians and Dutch, did not provide for Indonesian independence, but for eventual autonomy of the projected Indonesian Union under the Dutch crown.

Sincerely yours,

NORMAN ARMOUR

Assistant Secretary

Answer by SWP
National Secretary

September 17, 1947

Norman Armour
Assistant Secretary of State
Washington, D.C.
Dear Sir:

In my original telegram of July 24, 1947 to President Truman, I demanded, in the name of the Socialist Workers Party that the administration immediately exercise its right to re-capture the lend-lease equipment used by the Netherlands' forces continuing to employ lend-lease equipment, in exactly the same manner as after the signing of the Linggajati Agreement.

I therefore renew my original demand that the lend-lease material be returned to the United States.

The State Department cannot hope, by raising irrelevant issues, to evade its own share of responsibility for the crimes committed against the Indonesian people whose struggle for complete independence is supported by every champion of liberty in this country.

Your answer of August 6, 1947 acknowledged that lend-lease material had been actually diverted to such evil ends, but your communication expressed no intention whatever of rectifying these abuses.

Your second letter of September 11, 1947 admits in effect that the Netherlands authorities had utilized lend-lease armaments in a manner "not contemplated in the original agreement." Yet the State Department still refuses to exercise its right to re-capture this equipment, or even to voice a protest.

Such conduct confirms the charge of the Socialist Workers Party and other supporters of Indonesia's struggle for independence that the Truman administration has been covertly aiding the Dutch war of conquest against the Indonesian people.

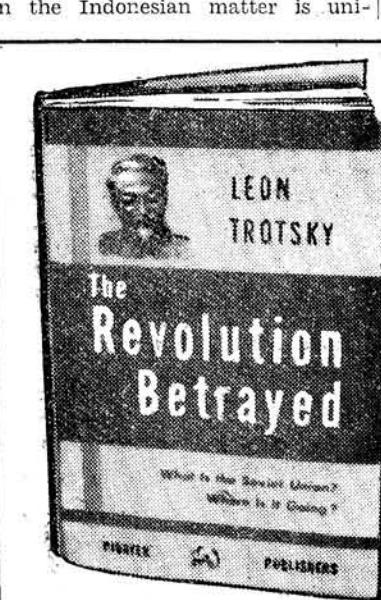
Despite the Dutch "compliance" with the cease-fire request of the U.N. Security Council, recent dispatches indicate that this war continues, with the Netherlands' forces continuing to employ lend-lease equipment, in exactly the same manner as after the signing of the Linggajati Agreement.

I therefore renew my original demand that the lend-lease material be returned to the United States.

The State Department cannot hope, by raising irrelevant issues, to evade its own share of responsibility for the crimes committed against the Indonesian people whose struggle for complete independence is supported by every champion of liberty in this country.

Yours truly,

JAMES P. CANNON
National Secretary
Socialist Workers Party



LEON TROTsky's
Classic Analysis Of
—Why Stalin Triumphed
—Dual Character of the Workers State
—Is the Bureaucracy a Ruling Class?
—Foreign Policy and the Army
—Socialism in One Country
—Inevitability of a New Revolution
308 pages Paper \$1.00 Cloth \$2.00
Order From
PIONEER PUBLISHERS
116 University Place
New York 3, N.Y.

Speculative Orgy in Coops As Kremlin's 'Plan' Flops

By John G. Wright

Nine months ago the Russian Council of Ministers abolished by decree all previous restrictions on cooperatives, enabling them not only to sell but produce consumer goods for non-members; leaving them free to fix their own prices, exempting them from taxes, extending them grants of land and government subsidies in the form of state credits, allocations of buildings, raw materials, supplies, machines, tools.

By thus creating a privileged sector of economy, functioning independently of the Fourth Five-Year Plan, the Kremlin oligarchs had hoped to at least step up the output and distribution of acutely scarce necessities, particularly to pump out agricultural "surpluses" hoarded by Russian peasants who still obviously prefer to deal with private traders and not with the state.

How has this far-reaching concession to capitalist elements worked out in the interim?

The capitalist sector has been markedly strengthened. By the second quarter of this year "the turnover of cooperative trade in the cities reached 5 billion rubles," states the leading editorial in *Pravda*, Aug. 28. This 20 billion ruble annual turnover represents an important fraction of the total Soviet domestic trade; the actual proportion of trade now controlled privately is even larger, if city trade alone is considered, as *Pravda* does.

EXPANDED IN CITIES
This means that the primary expansion of cooperatives has taken place not in the villages, as the Kremlin had dreamed, but in the largest cities where in the last six months the coops have opened up "19,000 stores, booths and stalls, together with 3,000 communal food enterprises."

Expansion in rural areas has been slight. In fact, *Pravda* complains that "up till now a considerable section of the cooperatives do not bother at all to purchase agricultural products and raw materials." Citing a "classic rural area" like Krasnodar, one of the richest farming provinces, *Pravda*'s editors go on to reveal only 47 out of 78 Krasnodar coops engaged in buying operations. The others only sell what they themselves produce.

And even those few who buy, do so not from peasants but in "markets in the cities and worker settlements themselves."

In plain language, this means that the Kremlin's original plans have boomeranged. Instead of increasing the volume of purchasable goods or helping bring down prices, these neo-capitalist ventures are interested solely in

Workers' Forum

Likes Idea of Publishing Serial

Editor: The suggestion of Harry Frankel regarding the publication of serials in *The Militant* is a very good idea. Leon Trotsky's "History of the Russian Revolution," a work so famous that even the reactionary bourgeois intellectual, Mortimer J. Adler, has included it on his list of the world's great books, would be excellent reading for workers interested in the true story of the Russian uprising against Czarist tyranny.

May I suggest that some competent party members undertake some sort of symposium on the great literature of the world from a Marxist point of view? I am particularly interested in the works of the reporters of bourgeois decadence: Joyce, Proust and Mann. Such a discussion would be most useful in the education of the workers, and in giving our comrades a Marxist orientation in the matters of liberal education.

P. B.
Milwaukee, Wisc.

Reader Asks For Marxist Definitions

Editor: Will you please define clearly, in the Marxian concept, the terms class and sectarian and oblige?

Thankfully yours,
A. W.
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Answer: We gladly comply with A. W.'s request.

Classes, in the Marxist terminology, define formations which arise and develop in society as a result of long historical process. Sources of income alone are not decisive here. Decisive is the role each class plays in production, the true source of its income. If a social grouping plays no independent role in production, it cannot be considered as a true class.

For example, the Church and its institutions long represented a dominant class in feudal times when it played an independent role in an agricultural economy as the largest landowner. Today, the Catholic Church is merely an appendage of the capitalist ruling class, except in countries like Spain, where as a vestige of feudal times, it still plays a role in economy. Outside of such isolated instances, the Church is no longer any independent class force. Such social formations as the modern petty bourgeoisie do not constitute a class in the strict sense. But because of their large numbers and the important role they play as auxiliaries of one class camp or the other, they are commonly referred to as a "class." This usage is permissible provided its limitations are clearly understood.

The term "sectarian" is not a socio-economic category like the previously defined term ("class"). It characterizes a certain form of thinking. Lenin correctly classified sectarianism among the mental diseases. It sometimes takes root in the working class under the conditions of capitalist rule. It is directly nourished by the capitalists and flourishes most luxuriantly in individualistic circles of which the artistic Bohemias are a horrible example.

In brief, a sectarian is a mechanician, in flight from reality, who lives under the illusion that what is settled in his or her own mind is necessarily settled once and for all, for the whole world. In

6 p.m. the Workers' Forum columns are open to the opinions of the readers of "The Militant." Letters are welcome on any subject of interest to the workers. Keep them short and include your name and address. Indicate if you want your name printed.

Keep On!

O man bowed down with labor,
O woman young yet old,
O heart oppressed in the toiler's breast
And crushed by the power of gold—
Keep on with your weary battle
against triumphant might;
No question is ever settled until
it is settled right.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox

working class politics, this school of thought is distinguished by its consistent refusal to go, at a given time, through necessary experiences with the mass of the workers, or an important section of the working class.

They can teach nothing important but they are able on occasion to mislead a considerable number of workers. Among the sectarian groups, Marxists list the Anarchists, Anarcho-syndicalists, Socialist Labor Party and the like.

Finds the Paper More Readable Now

Editor: Enclosed is a \$5 contribution to *The Militant*. I had hoped it would be bigger, but with \$1-a-pound butter and \$1-a-dozen eggs . . . Well, you know the story all too well.

At that, for a white collar worker I'm doing better than a lot of workers I know and read about. So far as long as I can and as often as I can, I shall keep these contributions rolling in to you.

May I comment on the new typeface in *The Militant*? Much more readable and easier on the eyes. More important, I believe I detect an easier readability in another way—in the phrasology. If I were asked to criticize the format and contents of the paper, I would say the tendency for too heavy and sometimes stereotyped words is the only thing.

One of the many attractions of Kovalesky's articles on the steel workers is his simple and straightforward "steel workers" language, which makes the impact of his irony and bitterness all the stronger—and his message clearer and more easily understood.

I know this is a long-winded way to say, "Enclosed find five bucks which you richly deserve," but I thought I'd mention it.

E. H.
Bronx, N. Y.

YOUTH ACTIVITIES

AKRON—Socialist Youth Club, 8 South Howard St., 2nd floor, Howard St., 2nd floor.

CHICAGO—777 W. Adams, 2nd floor.

NEW YORK—116 University Pl., Tele. GR. 5-8149 for information, Class in Marxism, Wednesdays, 8 p.m., Fridays Open Forum, 8 p.m., Sundays Hikes, Beach Parties.

STRIKERS' DEMANDS

The strikers had demanded a 50 cents an hour increase and adjustment of hundreds of contract and work rules violations by the URR.

The announced settlement, however, pledged both sides to withdraw demands for rules changes for another year.

A spokesman for the strikers' pol-

Come and meet other 'Militant' Readers at these Local Activities of

THE SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY

AKRON—2nd floor, 8 S. Howard St. Open Mon. through Friday, 3 to 5 p.m.; Saturdays 2 to 4 p.m.

BOSTON—30 Stuart St. Open Saturdays 1 p.m. to 5 p.m.; Tuesdays 7:30 to 9:30 p.m.

BUFFALO—Militant Forum, 629 Main St., 2nd floor. Phone MADison 3-960. Open every afternoon except Sunday.

CHICAGO—777 W. Adams (corner Halsted). Open 11 a.m. to 5 p.m., daily, except Sunday. Phone Dearborn 4767. Library, book-store.

CLEVELAND—Militant Forum every Sunday, 8:30 p.m. at Peck's Hall, 1446 E. 82nd St. (off Wade Park Ave.).

DETROIT—6108 Linwood Ave., phone TY 7-6237. Open Monday through Saturday, 12 to 5 p.m. Current events forum and open house, Saturday from 8 p.m.

FLINT—215 E. Ninth St., Flint 3, Mich. Open Monday through Friday, 5 to 9 p.m.

LOS ANGELES—Militant publishing Assn., 316½ W. Pico Blvd. Open daily, 12 noon to 5 p.m. Phone Richmond 4644.

SAN PEDRO—Militant publishing Assn., 1008 S. Pacific, Room 214.

LYNN, Mass.—44 Central Square, Room 11. Discussion every Tuesday 7:30 p.m.; open Saturdays 1-5 p.m.

PHILADELPHIA—1302-05 W. Girard Ave., 2nd floor. Open daily.

YOUNGSTOWN—35½ South Ave., Youngstown 3. Open 12-5 p.m., Friday forum, 8 p.m. Phone Stevenson 5820.

YACHTING—1302-05 W. Girard Ave., 2nd floor. Open daily.

Y

We Cannot Flee To Freedom

By Theodore Kovalesky

Beneath his feet the deck moved slowly and rhythmically. His chin and throat felt as though soft fingers were caressing them as the breeze stirred his beard.

The old man's eyes were very bright as he watched the dawn just slightly tinging the sky with light. The day was coming. The new day was coming!

How could a spirit live so long? Sometimes he had wondered. How could a human being see so much, feel so deeply, suffer so terribly and still look forward to a new day? How was it he had not died, this old Jew, as so many younger men and women had died?

The old man leaned on the rail, watching the water and the faint light in the sky. Perhaps it was wrong to call him old; for in him was something young and vigorous, something that would not die, a spark perhaps lighted centuries ago in days of oppression and living on and on, passing through the bodies of his ancestors, living still in the body of this old Jew in these days of oppression.

Today would be a new day. In his aged body the deathless youthful vigor stirred. The clusters of bodies, the living waiting for god knows what and the dead waiting for the incinerators, were forgotten. Belsen sank into the shadows of the past. The voice of the SS sergeant outside his tenement door for the first time was stifled and ceased to echo in his brain. His young blood pulsed through his veins, and the old man looked eagerly through the horizon for a vision of the promised land.

Still . . . is anything really deathless? The flame burned in him. His wife, his children were dead. He alone was left and now felt eagerness. But would another blow let him live on? So much had he suffered in the past, could he survive another crucifixion? But no! This was a new day! There would be hardship, yes, but this struggle would yield golden fruits! The old man's eyes glowed as he watched the dawn from the deck of the "Exodus 1947."

The wall is high and gray, built of age-old stone.

The Negro Struggle

Along The Freedom Train Route

By Albert Parker

The Freedom Train is described as a "traveling shrine" carrying over 100 "priceless" exhibits and documents of the American "way of life." It is scheduled to visit 300 cities on a 3,000 mile tour, beginning in Philadelphia on Sept. 17, and will form the center of great "patriotic" observances and ceremonies at each of these cities.

The Negro people, who have always been in the vanguard of the fight for freedom, have more than a passing interest in some of the documents that will be hauled so loudly along the Freedom Train route. After all, they and their forefathers shed their blood generously to win some of the democratic rights recognized in these documents—the right to citizenship, the right to vote, the right of free speech, etc.

Nevertheless, I suspect that the Negro people, by and large, will show more interest than enthusiasm in these Freedom Train ceremonies and demonstrations; and that they will be more inclined to raise certain sober questions than to go all-out in applause.

Some of these questions have already been eloquently asked by Langston Hughes, noted poet, in a moving work, "Checkin' on the Freedom Train," which is adapted from a Negro spiritual:

Who's the engineer on the Freedom Train?
Can a coal black man drive the Freedom Train?
Or am I still a porter on the Freedom Train?
Is there ballot boxes on the Freedom Train?
Do colored folks vote on the Freedom Train?

Good vs. Bad Microbes

By Grace Carlson

Most people are convinced that all microbes are bad. But the new branch of medical science—the study of antibiotics shows how untrue this is. For

the story of antibiotics demonstrates how science can put good microbes to work killing bad microbes.

Most outstanding of the antibiotic substances is penicillin, but it is only one of many such—streptomycin, bacitracin, tetracycline, etc. In fact, the word antibiotic simply means the product of any natural organism, which can be used to fight another organism.

The fascinating story of Dr. Alexander Fleming's discovery of penicillin in St. Mary's Hospital, London in 1928 gives a still clearer picture of what an antibiotic is and what it does.

By chance, a culture plate on which Dr. Fleming was growing bacteria became infected with a mold very similar to the one which grows on Roquefort cheese. Dr. Fleming observed that around each mold "colony" was a clear circle in which bacteria seemed unable to live. The reddish-yellow fluid produced by the mold contained something which stopped the bacteria from growing. That something was peni-

cillin—a name Dr. Fleming took from Penicillium Notatum, the mold which had produced it.

Known now as a veritable "miracle drug," penicillin has waged successful warfare against scores of disease-causing bacteria. Penicillin has the unique characteristic that, although it is powerful enough to overcome a wide range of virulent microbes, it never makes the patient ill. In fact, thousands of people have had large doses of penicillin without missing a day at work.

In this respect, penicillin differs from the sulfa drugs, almost all of which are more toxic than penicillin. It also differs in the same respect from another antibiotic, streptomycin. Useful against another set of bacteria which penicillin does not touch, streptomycin is so toxic that it can scarcely be used except with patients in hospitals. In quantities large enough to be helpful, streptomycin may produce dizziness, ringing in the ears and other distress. Valuable as it is, streptomycin is not the general purpose "miracle drug" that penicillin is.

And so, all over the world medical men are searching for more—and better antibiotics. Mankind needs all the help it can get in its war against bacteria. I like to think that we, who stand for scientific socialism—for a world freed from poverty and war—are helping this "good fight."

Notes from the News

LIBERAL DOUBLE TALK—After Henry Wallace's Sept. 12 Madison Square Garden speech, the N. Y. Daily News headline read: WALLACE RALLY ASKS THIRD PARTY, while the N. Y. Post headline read: NO 3RD PARTY WALLACE TELLS RALLY.

AUTO TRAGEDY—John Dos Passos, famous novelist and defender of civil liberties, was severely injured, losing an eye, in an auto accident in Wareham, Mass. His wife, Katherine, was killed. Dos Passos was a vice-chairman of the Civil Rights Defense Committee.

SQUEEZED OUT—1,400,000 student veterans, 35% of the total, have had to quit schools and colleges because of financial and housing problems, a recent Veterans Administration survey reveals.

WITCH HUNT SPEEDED—Attorney General Tom Clark, a sponsor of the so-called Freedom Train, has almost completed his secret list of "subversive" organizations. Membership in any of these will mean dismissal for federal employees.

SAFE BROKEN LAWS—Major violations of the child labor, minimum wage and overtime laws were found in over half of the companies inspected by the Department of Labor last year.

GARY SCHOOL STRIKE OVER—All save a handful of the Emerson School pupils have returned to their classes after an unsuccessful attempt to force Negro children to leave the school. The CIO Steelworkers Union bitterly fought the Jim Crow strike.

SPEED-UP REJECTED—UAW Local 5 almost unanimously rejected an incentive pay proposal of the Studebaker Corporation. Out of 6,000 workers voting, only two were for the plan. The union denounced the proposal as just a speed-up scheme.

WORTHY SUCCESSOR—Labor-hating, anti-Negro, anti-Semitic, anti-Catholic Representative Rankin is expected to win the Senate seat left empty by the late, unlamented Bilbo. All the other candidates proclaim their support of "white supremacy," but Rankin is out-Bilboing them.

TOTAL WHITEWASH—The Warren County, N. C. Grand Jury which had previously turned loose six of the attempted lynchers of Godwin Bush, last week set the other two free also.

AMERICAN STANDARD OF LIVING—Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence, of Aurora, Illinois and their eight children are being evicted from the two-car garage they call home.

THE MILITANT

NEW YORK, N. Y.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1947.

PAGE SIX

Hickman Needs Your Help, Says Novelist After Interview in Jail

By Willard Motley

The picture (in the adjoining columns) is of a man whom the State charges with murder. Pictured with him are three of his children who, with a fourth, were burned to death in a fire. James Hickman did kill a man.

Today I talked with Hickman. Today I well understood how and why he could have killed another man. And if one is justified in killing another man it seems to me that Hickman was justified.

If a man may kill another man when his wife is involved and they call it the "unwritten law" then perhaps there is another "unwritten law."

If a landlord allows conditions that undeniably lead to the death of four members of a man's family, if a landlord threatens that he will burn you out of your home, if the home does burn down and four of your children are burned to death—then perhaps there is this other "unwritten law."

Today I talked to Hickman. Today I felt that perhaps I too, or almost any other man, would have done the same thing as he has done, given the same circumstances.

Look at Mr. Hickman, pictured above with his wife and three of his children—a common enough picture.

When you look at it you can't see death in the children's eyes, nor grief in the mother's nor desperation in the father's. That came later.

Look at Mr. Hickman and examine the facts. These are the facts:

HICKMAN'S SEARCH

Like many Negroes, Jim moved from the South to find more opportunity for his family—a better home, better wages, better schools. Jim found his job in the steel mills. And then there was the problem of a home. He found that too. After many months of searching he found that.

But was it a better home? In the black belt of great sprawling industrial Chicago, was it a better home? It was one attic room on the third floor of a tenement house. A room without water, without gas, without lights. One cramped room in an attic into which he, his wife and his seven children moved. Yes, it was a tight squeeze, but Jim wasn't disheartened.

"The big crying need today in the world is to raise a generation educated in the truth. Nationalism must be uprooted. The horrors of capitalist exploitation which breeds wars, poverty, unemployment and human degradation must be destroyed. This can only be accomplished if we teach our youth the truth regarding economics and history. We shall campaign with the demand that textbooks that teach such be introduced into the Boston School System.

TRAINOR'S STATEMENT

"We enter this contest with the hope of bringing to the advanced workers of Boston the truth regarding the school system for which we are taxed and upon which we depend to educate our children.

"The big crying need today in the world is to raise a generation educated in the truth. Nationalism must be uprooted. The horrors of capitalist exploitation which breeds wars, poverty, unemployment and human degradation must be destroyed. This can only be accomplished if we teach our youth the truth regarding economics and history. We shall campaign with the demand that textbooks that teach such be introduced into the Boston School System.

DEMANDS IN PROGRAM

Trainor's program also includes the following demands:

1. Equal pay for the women teachers in the same classification as men teachers.

2. A sliding scale of wages to meet the rising cost-of-living.

3. More freedom of expression for teachers in the classroom instead of being reduced to the status of parrot robots.

4. Re-opening of the Child Care Centers under the supervision of the School Committee.

5. Continuation of free lunch program.

6. Free medical, optical and dental care for all students.

7. Immediate closing down of all obsolete school buildings.

8. A general acceptance of the "buried" Strayer Report.

STREET RALLIES LIVEN DETROIT SWP DRIVE

DETROIT, Sept. 17—The official labor movement in this city has betrayed the political interests of the workers by deciding not to present a mayoralty candidate in the coming municipal elections.

The field was wide open for a labor candidate since none of the well-known candidates can claim labor support. The unions in the past spent over \$250,000 in their battle to defeat incumbent Mayor Jeffries, who is seeking re-election for his fourth term. Van Antwerp, his principal opponent for the office, has taken no position on the many vital problems facing the voters of the city.

NO ENDORSEMENTS

The Wayne County CIO Council at its delegates' meeting last night decided not to make any endorsements for mayor in the primaries.

Howard Lerner, Socialist Workers Party candidate for Mayor, will remain in the race as a result of the non-participation on the part of the labor movement. When Lerner filed as candidate for Mayor, he publicly stated that if labor should put its own independent man in the field, he would withdraw in his favor.

SAFETY FIRST

The campaign of the Detroit Branch of the Socialist Workers Party is adding something new to this city's election work. Next Saturday a street meeting will be held in the heart of the Negro area. Members of the SWP will be on hand to speak, sell literature and

Before Disaster Struck



The above picture shows James Hickman, his wife Anna, and three of their children shortly before a fire broke out in his home and burned these three children and one other to death. Hickman, stricken with grief, shot his landlord, whom he held responsible for these deaths, and is in jail on a murder charge. For an analysis of this case, read the article by Willard Motley elsewhere on this page.

It was a well known fact among the Negroes that Jim moved from the South to find more opportunity for his family—a better home, better wages, better schools. Jim found his job in the steel mills. And then there was the problem of a home. He found that too. After many months of searching he found that.

But was it a better home? In the black belt of great sprawling industrial Chicago, was it a better home? It was one attic room on the third floor of a tenement house. A room without water, without gas, without lights. One cramped room in an attic into which he, his wife and his seven children moved. Yes, it was a tight squeeze, but Jim wasn't disheartened.

Then, there was another catch—coming from the lips of Coleman, the landlord. "One hundred bucks for the apartment downstairs when it is vacant. One hundred bucks on the spot before you move into the attic." Jim paid up. Meanwhile, for the attic space where they were stacked like baggage they were charged six dollars a week.

Five months passed. There was still no flat for Jim. No Coleman did not give him back his hundred dollars. Coleman told him to move out. Coleman told all the tenants in the building to get out. He was going to convert it into kitchenettes. He'd make more money that way.

Nowhere to go. No one in the building had anywhere to go. Coleman said he'd get them out. He'd get them out if it took a fire to do it. To Jim Hickman he said, "I'll burn you out."

The fire came. One night last January the fire started at the door of the attic room. Willis, the 20 year old son, pushed his mother to the window, lowered her down the brick wall and dropped her to the hard pavement below. There were flames all around him by now. He could not get to the others nor to the stairwell. He jumped from the window, seriously injuring himself. His arm will never be right again.

Charles, nineteen, awakened in a daze. He fled down the flaming

stairway before he realized the others were still back there upstairs. But then it was too late. In the smoky, fiery room were still the four youngest children. Awakening, they crawled under the bed, secure there, they felt, from whatever threatened them. Leslie, fourteen, protectively shielded his brother and sisters with his own body. And they waited. No help came. There was no way up to them. Just the fiery steps, swaying now, and ready to fall in flames. When the fire was extinguished the charred body of the fourteen year old boy was found still shielding his brother and sisters, aged nine, seven, and three, from the death that came horribly.

Today I talked to Hickman. Today I felt that perhaps I too, or almost any other man, would have done the same thing as he has done, given the same circumstances.

Look at Mr. Hickman, pictured above with his wife and three of his children—a common enough picture.

When you look at it you can't see death in the children's eyes, nor grief in the mother's nor desperation in the father's. That came later.

Look at Mr. Hickman and examine the facts. These are the facts:

HICKMAN'S SEARCH

Like many Negroes, Jim moved from the South to find more opportunity for his family—a better home, better wages, better schools. Jim found his job in the steel mills. And then there was the problem of a home. He found that too. After many months of searching he found that.

But was it a better home? In the black belt of great sprawling industrial Chicago, was it a better home? It was one attic room on the third floor of a tenement house. A room without water, without gas, without lights. One cramped room in an attic into which he, his wife and his seven children moved. Yes, it was a tight squeeze, but Jim wasn't disheartened.

Then, there was another catch—coming from the lips of Coleman, the landlord. "One hundred bucks for the apartment downstairs when it is vacant. One hundred bucks on the spot before you move into the attic." Jim paid up. Meanwhile, for the attic space where they were stacked like baggage they were charged six dollars a week.

Five months passed. There was still no flat for Jim. No Coleman did not give him back his hundred dollars. Coleman told him to move out. Coleman told all the tenants in the building to get out. He was going to convert it into kitchenettes. He'd make more money that way.

Nowhere to go. No one in the building had anywhere to go. Coleman said he'd get them out. He'd get them out if it took a fire to do it. To Jim Hickman he said, "I'll burn you out."

The fire came. One night last January the fire started at the door of the attic room. Willis, the 20 year old son, pushed his mother to the window, lowered her down the brick wall and dropped her to the hard pavement below. There were flames all around him by now. He could not get to the others nor to the stairwell. He jumped from the window, seriously injuring himself. His arm will never be right again.

Charles, nineteen, awakened in a daze. He fled down the flaming

New York Candidate Calls for Expropriation of Food Trusts

NEW YORK, Sept. 16—Robert Williams, Socialist Workers Party candidate for State Senator in the 23rd Senatorial District, today demanded that the government seize the meat, food and dairy trusts and operate them under workers control in order to bring prices down.

"Harlem workers are hardest hit by skyrocketing prices," Williams stated. "They are caught between the jaws of a vice with low incomes on the one side and rapidly advancing living costs on the other. Their plight can only be relieved through drastic measures."