

THE DAILY WORKER
RAISES THE STANDARD
FOR A WORKERS' AND
FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

THE DAILY WORKER

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Workers' Farmers' Demands:
The Labor Party
Anarchism
Organization of Unorganized
The Land for the Users
The Industries for the Workers
Protection of the Foreign-Born
Simplification of Soviet Roads

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DEMAND COOLIDGE BE IMPEACHED

Crowe Turns State's Attorney's Office Over to Garment Bosses in War on Striking Workers

State's Attorney Robert E. Crowe has his special police force busy working for his friends among the waist and dress manufacturers. Crowe is running for re-election on his record as a union-baiter and is doing all he can to keep his old friends on the right side of the police.

Arthur Weiss & Co., who have their dress factory at 315 W. Adams St., are well guarded every day by from five to ten detectives attached to Crowe's office.

At every election Weiss has had put into the pay envelopes of his workers cards telling them

which way the boss expected them to vote. They were always to vote for the candidates of Crowe's faction.

Don't Bother About Little Fellow.

Union pickets at the Weiss shop have been told by the detectives of the state's attorney's office that they want to see the little fellows, but lay off Weiss. If you don't, you will get a gun.

Abe Weiss, a member of the union and of the general strike committee, was sent to the state's attorney's office where he was questioned. Weiss refused to answer any questions, and after a while he was released.

The detectives who arrested him did not know what he was after. It was told that he was wanted at the state's attorney's office and was arrested for questioning. He was not allowed to see or talk to anyone. Later the detectives told reporters that Weiss was sent to the office to keep the pickets of the dress shop away.

That this was true was proven when the detectives were asked to make any charge against Weiss.

Statements of the employers as

to why the strike was broken

came from the strikebreakers.

By the time the strikebreakers began proceedings for an inquiry into the misuse of the people's money, the strike was broken.

The state's attorney, John Fitzpatrick, president of the Federation, was himself a strikebreaker, and he helped the strike breaking activities of Crowe and his assistants.

Strikers' Office Threatened.

The strike office was opened

when Mayer Perleman, vice president of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, threatened to break the strike.

By the time the strikebreakers

began proceedings for an inquiry into the misuse of the people's

money, the strike was broken.

The strikebreakers said that

two days before the walkout he went to Crowe's office.

To his statement he added

that he had been threatened

and that he had been threatened

FORBES, HEAD OF VET BUREAU, IS CAL'S NEW PERIL

Teapot's Understudy Is All Set to Go

(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—Col. Charles R. Forbes, former head of the Veterans' Bureau, has been prepared for a fight for his liberty.

Refusing to comment on the bribery indictment returned against him late yesterday by a grand jury in Chicago, his counsel, James East-Smyth, said merely that arrangements will be made to have Forbes go before a United States Commissioner here and give full of his appearance in Chicago when he is wanted.

Until he and his counsel have de-

termined what it was said on his behalf, but it was indicated at the Vets' Bureau that he is likely to result in disclosures which are sensational than those before the calling of the grand jury and the indictments against Forbes and J. W. Louis, indicated yesterday was named when he is wanted.

In the Senate's investigation, testi-

mony was given to the effect that Forbes had

nothing to do with it.

Forbes was chairman of the committee which was ordered by the Senate to inquire into LaFollette's charges that the leasing of the naval oil reserves based on a criminal conspiracy.

Forbes, who was then chairman of the Senate's investigation committee, and Louis, then chairman of the Senate's investigation committee, were called to the grand jury and both

denied the charges.

Forbes also testified that he had

agreed to a division of the profits

between the two men, but remained

on the public lands committee. He

had attended almost every session in the Senate, and, when he was called to the grand jury, he was asked to name the two men who had been

denounced by LaFollette.

Another charge brought against

Forbes during the hearing involved him in the sale of quantities of govern-

ment surplus clothing at below

cost prices. It was this, Brigadier General Sawyer testified, President Franklin D. Roosevelt had

in defense before declared Mor-

ner's testimony was based on per-

sonal knowledge.

Forbes had been separated from his wife on account of quarrels during the

trip to the Pacific coast.

In the course of the senate in-

vestigation, all evidence was turned

over to the Department of Justice

and the Senate's Committee of Investi-

gation since returned by the grand

jury.

In connection with the new evi-

dence, the jury stated:

"That one or more of the mem-

bers of the Senate's Committee of Investi-

gation for the purpose of specula-

"That two members of Congress were present."

"That persons having no official

connection with the government or

had no knowledge of the government re-

ceived a file of a federal de-

partment.

That money was accepted by

several individuals, not attorneys, for

the purpose of obtaining clemency

or favors from the government.

"That many taxes were collected by the government for the purpose of

obtaining thru such influence power after for intoxicating liquors."

Chicago when the indictments were returned and appeared before

the grand jury, Forbes was

given \$10,000 bail.

Forbes is in Washington and is expected here this week.

Toronto Workers Are Now Getting Lesson in Class Government

(Special to The Daily Worker)

TORONTO, March 2.—Under the Farmer-Labor government the workers' compensation act was administered by the provincial department of labor. The Government, however, has now handed it back to the attorney general who had charge until he succeeded the Farmer-Labor cabinet. Manufacturers criticize the administration of the act by the department and now want the government to provide for appeals and cases. The local labor unions are suspicious of the charge proposed and fear that the new head of the manufacturer is to get rid of Haider, the man on the board.

Attempt to Force Religion on Helpless Children, Defeated

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 2.—An attempt to force religious instruction on the school children of California by the state legislature by a decision of Attorney General Webb that it would be illegal to close public schools for two days a week in order to allow time to at- and religious exercises.

Union officials inform the DAILY WORKER that this is only a begin-

ning of the union's success and that another group of employers may be expected to give in speedily. The

Old Guardsmen Smoot and Lenroot Nervous Wrecks Since Doublecross of Probe Exposed

By LAURENCE TODD

(Continued from page 1.)
WASHINGTON, Mar. 2.—Senator Smoot, apostle of the Mormon church and for many years blustering boss of the republican old guard on the senate floor, has been tamed, shaken, hustled by the oil scandal investigation.

Refusing to comment on the bribery indictment returned against him late yesterday by a grand jury in Chicago, his counsel, James East-Smyth, said merely that arrangements will be made to have Forbes go before a United States Commissioner here and give full of his appearance in Chicago when he is wanted.

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ment surplus clothing at below

FAKE GRAIN BILL DENOUNCED BY F. F. L. P. SECY.

McNary Plan Passes Senate Committee

Special to The Daily Worker
WASHINGTON, March 2.—The McNary Bill providing for a \$200,000,000 agricultural export corporation to be established by the Senate committee on agriculture today.

The bill was amended in committee to reduce the operating period from ten years to five. The corporation will be given power to buy up by the secretary of agriculture, commerce and treasury to market prices on export products, balancing the export of the surplus.

"Fake Bill," Says Massey.

Charges that Julius Barnes, president of the United States Chamber of Commerce, who has been instrumental in the McNary bill were made yesterday by Joseph Massey, secretary of the Senate.

"This is a fake bill," said Massey. "It was drawn for the purpose of killing off the grain surplus by putting the entire grain selling business, domestic and foreign, in the hands of the government."

There are so many loopholes in the McNary bill that only a small amount of grain is expected to be marketed at a loss by the Agricultural Export Corporation.

The Chamber of Commerce has this same substitute bill in the Senate committee in order to keep the bill in the wheat belt, South Dakota, particularly, is being flooded with speculators who are not doing anything for the farmers. The Chamber of Commerce's hope is to make the bill a party to the party.

Class Party Game.

"South Dakota farmers will not be satisfied with the McNary bill any other Big Business trickery," said Massey. "The class party is making tremendous strides there the wheat lands. It has the separated Farmer-Labor Party and Tom Ayres, its candidate at the March primaries, is running on the platform running on the Federated Farmer-Labor slogan of the 'Five Year Moratorium for All Working Farmers' and 'The Land for the Users.'

Virgin Islanders
Demand Freedom,
Not U. S. Navy Rule

Special to The Daily Worker

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Copies of the draft of a measure creating a permanent form of government for the Virgin Islands and the people of that new possession of the United States, have been handed to Chairman Frank Murphy, chairman of the Senate Foreign Affairs, and to Admiral Latimer, judge advocate general of the navy, by Rothchild, president of the Virgin Islands committee.

Since the purchase of the Virgin Islands, which was the United States, has ruled that thru the navy department, without in any way consulting the people themselves. The Rotarians, who are the people themselves, A. F. of L., the American Civil Liberties union, the Negro Socialist, the Communist Party, the Virgin Islands committee, demanding citizenship and a permanent form of government for the natives. The colonial councils in the islands recently adopted a resolution which asked the government to determine the political status of the natives of these islands in the American government.

German Seamen
Tie Up Ships in
Australian Port

Special to The Daily Worker

SYDNEY, New South Wales, Mar. 2.—The 12,000 German seamen employed by the Australian shipping corporations are taking of a new wage fight less than a month after the Montreal agreement.

The seamen, who are organized by the Amalgamated Union of Seafarers, have gone on strike demanding British rates. They are leaving the port of the German mark, their wages now amount to but a few pence. Despite the strike, the owners who were allowed to collect rent after the city had purchased the tenements in question, the miners themselves, who are demanding substantial profits.

Alderman John J. McCusker, in whose ward the buildings are situated, proposed that this interference of Alderman Harvey charging that these structures are slums, should be demolished. Despite McCusker's advice for the law to be passed, the Alderman, who was a member of the colonial council in the islands, recently adopted a resolution which asked the government to determine the political status of the natives of these islands in the American government.

Levi Tools Bring
Besco Staves Raise
in Price of Coal

Special to The Daily Worker

GLACE Bay, Nova Scotia, March 2.—The 12,000 coal miners employed by the Besco Staves Corporation are taking of a new wage fight less than a month after the Montreal agreement.

The miners, who are organized by the Amalgamated Union of Seafarers, have gone on strike demanding British rates. They are leaving the port of the German mark, their wages now amount to but a few pence. Despite the strike, the owners who were allowed to collect rent after the city had purchased the tenements in question, the miners themselves, who are demanding substantial profits.

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The Weather Outlook.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 2.—Weather conditions for the period, March 3 to 9th, are as follows:

Region of Great Lakes.—Considerable cloudiness, with a probability of rain, snow and sleet about Wednesday, normal temperature.

Upper Mississippi and the Midwest.—Cloudy, with a probability of rain, snow and sleet about

Wednesday, normal temperature.

Upper Missouri and the Midwest.—Cloudy, with a probability of rain, snow and sleet about

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WORKERS PARTY BRINGING UNITY TO ARMENIAN GROUPS

Fusion Agreed Upon At Boston Confab

Special to The Daily Worker
BOSTON, Mass., March 2.—Unity of the Armenian groups within three months was agreed upon by delegates from each faction to meet here. There were 88 delegates including branches, representing the Armenian Federation, the Workers Party, U. Hunchakian, and the Workers Party. The Armenian Federation and the Workers Party, which had not affiliated with the Workers Party before the convention.

The unity program adopted was proposed by C. E. Ruthenberg who represents the Workers Party at the convention. It interdicts showing party requirements in such case; it's several provisions read as follows:

A—Will recognize both groups as the Armenian Section of the Workers Party. It will issue

deeds stamps and membership cards to members of each group.

B—Will require that within a period of three months the branches of the respective groups shall merge into one branch in each city, carrying this decision into effect that the City Central Committee and District Committees of the party in the territory in which Armenian Branches exist.

C—No new branches as section of the Armenian Section of the Workers Party will be permitted to be created.

D—Branches will be issued to the branches until these branches have united and merged.

During the three months period in which the branches are to be merged, the Armenian Section of the Bureau elected by each of the groups that no factional struggle or any other struggle, either letters or articles in the party press shall be issued in which one of the groups is mentioned.

E—The C. E. C. will require that in each city in which more than one branch exists, that which faction it belongs to, there shall be formed immediately a Provincial Executive Committee of representatives of the branches in equal proportion, who, together with the C. E. C., will arrange public meetings under the joint auspices and carry on joint propaganda work for the workers.

F—At the end of the three months period, the branches of the respective groups are to be united the C. E. C. will either propose to the Armenian Section, the United Armenian Section, or call a new convention made up of delegates from the two groups.

G—Individuals or individuals who fail to carry out or in any way hinder the work of the party, movement or any of the conditions laid down, will be expelled from the party.

None can be affiliated with the Communist International without affiliation with the Party.

**Many Workers
Join the Party at
Kenosha Meeting**

Special to The Daily Worker
KENOSHA, Wis., March 2.—New numbers for the Party arrangements for the formation of branches of the Young Workers League and its adult section as well as local branches were the results of a well attended mass meeting called by the Workers Party. Alexander Karpov, local organizer of the Chicago district Young Workers League, spoke on "The Workers Party and the Masses."

When the speaker declared that his efforts being made by the party to unite the workers in the United States would surely fail, and that the program to establish a branch of the International Workers League here would be beaten by the workers by the enactment of new laws, would be bitterly fought by the mass of the workers, the audience knew that he meant what he said.

Schapp declared that "any attempt to stop the workers from uniting and speed up if we are to take our place alongside of the workers in the world, the workers must be won over by Germany's children. We, too, are a branch of the International Workers League."

The American workers have made a beginning in relief work for Germany, and the workers of the United States and the world are uniting to help the German working class. It is an opportunity for the workers here to help the workers of Germany.

A state of family exists in Germany above the industrial and populous parts of Saxony, Thuringia, and the Rhine provinces. Silesia and Berlin are the chief centers of the entire division of foodstuffs.

European Aiding. The workers of other countries are doing their part to help the German workers. Holland, the Scandinavian countries, Italy, and even Russia have just given the German workers the help they need.

When the speaker then spoke on "The Workers Party and the Masses in the general struggle of the working class," he said:

"The speaker had particular stress in the part of the Y. W. L. with its Youth and Junior sections is taking a stand for the workers. The speaker was the forerunner of many others that will make the party grow in this Wisconsin town."

Asbestos Toilers Make It Hot for St. Louis Bosses in Wage Fight

ST. LOUIS, March 2.—The first strike in the general move of St. Louis building and a number of other industries to demand a \$1.50 an hour increase was started by the asbestos workers and their wives.

The men walked out after their employer's demand for \$1.50 an hour was refused by the employer, and a minimum wage agreement expired January 1.

The employers are experiencing difficulty in trying to man their jobs with nonunion workers.

The striking local union has a membership of about 100. No negotiations are being carried on.

THE PARTY AT WORK

Party Branches Respond To Call For Farmer-Labor Campaign Fund

By C. E. RUTHENBERG
Executive Secretary, Workers Party

THE Central Executive Committee of the Party has asked the branches to raise a campaign fund of \$15,000 for the campaign of the Party in making the fight for mass Farmer-Labor Party in the 1934 presidential election. In the circular letter to the party branches it is pointed out that the present situation in the United States is due to the fact that the last quarter of a century for a great step forward to class political action by the Workers and Farmers.

The wide-spread sentiment of the industrial workers and farmers since the end of the war has developed a wide-spread movement for independent political action. This movement, which was already highly developed, has been strengthened by the depression and the economic crisis.

The wide-spread sentiment for a Farmer-Labor Party must be crystallized. The industrial groups already in the country are the Farmers and Laborers, the two parties in the presidential election, the present opportunity for the workers and farmers to unite, the movement has ripened and come to a head.

There must be a Farmer-Labor Party, contesting the presidential election. The Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party has called a meeting of the party branches to raise the Farmer-Labor Campaign Fund of \$15,000—\$1000 for literature, speakers and organizers in the Farmer-Labor Party campaign.

Party Units Respond.

Request for funds left the National office last week. Already the branches are beginning to act upon the appeal and to send in their quota for the fund.

The branch having the place of honor in making the first contribution to the Farmer-Labor Campaign Fund is the Party branch in Elizabeth, N. J. This branch has raised \$1000. Other branches have also responded.

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IMPEACH COOLIDGE!

The Day We Celebrate
The revolutionary workers of the world whose minds are set on the achievement of a change from the present system of exploitation of man by man to one of cooperation in which all the people shall be producers and all class divisions disappear under the golden era of Communism, celebrate March 5th as the fifth anniversary of the establishment of the Communist International, the guiding hand and the inspiration of the world revolutionary movement.

Planted at a moment when the fires of revolution swept thru Europe and the working class, under the lash of necessity were ready to burst their chains and establish their own rule upon the ashes of capitalist imperialism, only to find themselves hampered and betrayed by their renegade leaders, the false prophets of socialism, the Communists International rallied to the scattered forces of the revolution, the proletariat and built up a real world power, cohesive and disciplined, that recognizes only one enemy, capitalism, and has only one loyalty, the emancipation of the working class from capitalist rule.

In memory of the many importance a section of the Communist International today has in its being. While demoralization has wrecked a id shattered the ranks of the traitorous yellow socialists, the battalions of Communism are every day gaining in power. The Second International is no more. Ashamed to face its failure it has melted into the "bald world" islands. Mr. Weeks who is associated with Hornblower and Weeks, one of the biggest banking institutions in the country, told the Committee that America couldn't get out of the Philippines unless the scores of millions of dollars bonds held by American investors were paid.

We do not want to appear too suspicious, to our Secretary of War and his banking clique own these bonds, the we feel that a congressional investigation might shed some welcome light on this rather interesting probe. The workers, the farmers, the workers, and the great mass of people in general do not own one cent of the capitalist institutions and haven't the slightest interest in maintaining American domination of the Islands. On the contrary, experience has taught us that the most fundamental interests of our exploitation are the capitalist's withdrawal from the Philippines of our country and imperial gangsters of the type of the laboring General Wood and his militarist cabinet.

This frank confession of our Secretary of War Weeks should inspire our workers to demand that Wall Street and its Coolidge government get out of the Philippines and allow us to have the right to live the democratic freedom. This frank confession should be a lightning-rod to the farmers and workers to get into the fight to end the mad rush of our exploiters toward world domination. It is in our own interest, in the interest of our very security and peace, that Weeks and Wood should be driven to cover.

showered upon us when we ask the government to help workers who are out of jobs and out of hope?

Where are all the times of legal precedents going to be hidden, the ponderous law books that thunder against interference with the sanctity of freedom of contract? No one will deny that this ruling very definitely writes the ship of contract and compels the acceptance of certain terms. In practice, to be sure.

Why doesn't the government reduce the freight rates for the bankrupt farmers, but rushes to the rescue of the millionaire ship owners?

Why doesn't the government grant a bonus to the ex-industrial masses who bled and fought for the capitalist? Why doesn't it, but, turn a back door, fills the coffers of oil speculators with hundreds of millions of dollars?

Why is it paternalism, a menace to individual initiative, a violation of the sanctity of freedom of contract, and against the constitution that the government is called upon to help the masses? But, not only is it even declared to be in the interest of the country when the government squanders billions of dollars on the wealthy capitalists?

The answer is this: "Our" government is not ours. It is not owned by the working and farming classes. "Our" government is owned by body and soul, outright, by our capitalist exploiters.

IMPEACH COOLIDGE!

A Frank Confession

It is very seldom that the militarist and capitalist imperialists are frank enough to confess the guiding purpose of all their plans veiled by national honor, historical destiny and such other pure can be peddled by our rulers.

The hearings on Philippine independence conducted by the House Committee on Insular Affairs, Secretary of War Weeks ripped the ugly imperial face and told the truth about the leftists intentions in the "bald world" islands. Mr. Weeks who is associated with Hornblower and Weeks, one of the biggest banking institutions in the country, told the Committee that America couldn't get out of the Philippines unless the scores of millions of dollars bonds held by American investors were paid.

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Long live the Communist International!

IMPEACH COOLIDGE!

White House Pipelines

Many have been wondering when "Cautious Coolidge" will be thrown into the oil well. In the days of oil glut and depression it is a huge surprise to find the leaders of the White House not embarrassed by the national slime in the world's greatest oil center.

But now the surprise has been completely thrown over the brink of political ruin. Even so hard-boiled a waterfront politician as the Puritan Coolidge could not long avoid the political gods. At last the President has had his head shaved. At last the Sinclair-Doheny pipelines to the White House have been discovered.

Of course it was commonplace for sometime among those who had their hands on the oil business to be national body-builders. Coolidge was not as pure in the volume of his pretensions might tend to indicate to the present. For instance, Coolidge was a member of the cabinet when the leases were aired. The Chief Executive presided over the Senate when La Follette first introduced his now historic resolution that turned a tempest in a Teapot into a terrible earthquake. Yet, we held our breath and said let's wait. Our patience has been rewarded.

Let the chief explainer Coolidge explain why McLean sought "ease and quick access to the White House."

And Coolidge did a bit more bluffing to be fuddle the public as to why Mr. Smithers, the chief White House photographer, was McLean's favorite operator and with this chosen wire-puller "liked the job." Above all, why did the first secret service man of the White House monkey around with McLean at Palm Beach?

The pipe lines of oil lead straight into Coolidge's chambers. Let Coolidge invite himself to the Teapot committee.

IMPEACH COOLIDGE!

That the German workers are fully conscious of the difference between aid rendered by workers of other countries and aid given by capital

THE DAILY WORKER

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WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE

The Communist Party

branch is governing the frontier

city and fighting the counter-

revolutionaries

of the fuel situation

and the steel strike

and the miners

and the