

LA FOLLETTE SAYS

June 17 to Go Ahead Without La Follette

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 28.—If La Follette does not want the support of June 17th Convention, that gathering is prepared to go ahead without him. Such is the gist of a statement of William Mahoney, chairman of the Committee on Arrangements of the St. Paul Convention, when shown the letter of Senator Robert M. La Follette denouncing that gathering. Opposition from the senator from Wisconsin will have no effect upon preparations which are going forward full speed.

"Senator La Follette is evidently the victim of bad counsel," said Mahoney, "if this report is an expression of his attitude."

"Arrangements have all been made for the gathering on June 17th and delegates are expected from every section of the nation."

"The convention will be composed of delegates from diverse groups of

progressives who are willing to join a coalition to place a single set of candidates in the field for president and vice-president of the United States on a platform calling for fundamental changes in the laws regarding the railroads, banking, natural resources and courts.

"Senator La Follette is the unanimous choice of those who have expressed themselves, and will doubtless be endorsed unless he directly forbids the use of his name. In that event, some other will be named."

"Communists will constitute but a small fraction of the delegates at the convention, and as long as these are willing to submit to the terms of the coalition, their cooperation is acceptable."

"This convention is not based on doctrinaire theories, but on stern economic realities. Senator La Follette is evidently the victim of bad counsel, if this report is an expression of his attitude."

Coal Diggers Hit Ku Klux Klan

JUNE 17 MEET FEELS STORM OF ENGINEERS

Brotherhood's Backing Increases Party Speed

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 28.—Sentiment towards the National Farmer-Labor-Progressive Convention to be held in this city on June 17th, was given a big push forward by the action of the Minnesota legislative committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers at their recent meeting here.

Representatives of the twenty-six divisions of the order in this state unanimously endorsed the June 17th convention and criticized "Labor," the organ of the railroad workers published in Washington, D. C., for attacking it.

Speaking for the committee, Chairman Ralph Davis said: "We regret that this matter has been injected into the campaign and we would like to have it dropped now. We admit that 'Labor' struck first, and we can't blame those who are working for the success of the June 17th convention in defending themselves from the attack. If the paper did not have any thing good to say about the convention, then it should have said so. We want to show the Federation (meaning the Farmer-Labor Federation of Minnesota) and the Farmer-Labor movement that the Engineers are for it by our continued support."

C. P. A. Lives McAdoo, the belief that the Conference for Progressive Political Action leaders have no intention of helping to build a new party representing the economic needs of the workers and exploited farmers is becoming more apparent each week. Each time the supporters of the Cleveland convention commit themselves, they make their real intentions more clear.

The current issue of the Railway Maintenance of Way Employees' Journal, speaking editorially on the differences between the C. P. A. and the National Farmer-Labor Convention to (Continued on Page 2)

Stand Fast for the Farmer-Labor Party

Statement of the Central Executive Committee
of the Workers Party

SENATOR Robert M. La Follette has come out in the open as the enemy of the Farmer-Labor movement. In his statement, on the June 17th Convention he shows clearly that he is opposed to the movement for a permanent political party to fight for their class interests.

In order to kill the movement for such a party which is reaching over the country he raises the question of the Communist participation in the Farmer-Labor movement. In other words he raises the issue of the "red menace" in the same manner that the reactionary Republican politicians are raising this issue against the Farmer-Labor movement. Coolidge, Lodge and La Follette take their stand shoulder to shoulder against this "menace."

La Follette's statement should raise in the mind of every exploited farmer and industrial worker the question why La Follette is attacking the June 17th Convention. What is there about the June 17th Convention that La Follette fears? The cry of Communist participation is merely a red herring and not the real ground for La Follette's opposition.

THE TRUTH of the matter is that La Follette does not represent the exploited farmers and industrial workers. There is nothing in his program which stands for their interests. La Follette is the representative of the small business men of this country in opposing the Farmer-Labor movement, fighting in the interests of this class and against the exploited farmers and workers. His opposition to the June 17th Convention is really opposition to the formation of a class Farmer-Labor Party which will fight the battles of farmers and workers—even against La Follette.

There is another reason why La Follette fights the June 17th Convention. His statement shows that he still has hopes that one of the two old parties will "purge" itself of the evil influences which have long dominated it. The workers and farmers who support the June 17th Convention have broken their ties with the old parties. They have flung down the gauntlet and entered the political arena to fight their own battles. La Follette is against such independent political action. He wants the workers and farmers to wait for him and possibly to be led back into the old parties by him.

THE Workers Party has many times warned the workers and farmers of this country against putting their faith in any individual politician. It has told them over and over that their strength lies in their organizing a Party which will make an uncompromising fight in their interests. It pointed this out last spring when an attempt was made to call off the June 17th Convention in the interests of the Conference for Progressive Political Action. La Follette's attack on the convention of farmers and workers shows that the warnings of the Communists were based upon a clear understanding of the situation.

La Follette says that the Communists are in the Farmer-Labor movement for the purpose of disrupting it. The Workers Party challenges La Follette or any other politician of his stripe to show any group in this country which has worked consistently and energetically to build up a great mass movement of farmers and workers as have the Communists. While La Follette and his followers have remained in the Republican and Democratic parties, the Workers Party is fighting in every state of the nation to help the workers and farmers create a mass movement of farmers and workers.

The reason why the Communists support the formation of a Farmer-Labor Party was stated by Karl Marx in the Communist Manifesto which was written seven and a half decades ago. Marx wrote that the Communists "have no interest separate and apart from those of the proletariat as a whole."

In the same statement, the founder of the Communist movement wrote that the Communists fight for the attainment of the immediate aims for the momentary interests of the working class but in the movement of the present they also represent and take care of the future of the movement.

THE Communists seek, in the present movement in this country, for the formation of a Farmer-Labor Party, the first great step forward by the workers and farmers to fight their battles against the old capitalist parties. The Com-

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STRIKING FOOD WORKERS HOLD MANY MEETINGS

Revolt of Restaurant Employees Spreads

The restaurant workers' mass meeting at 214 North State St. on the 28th of the DAILY WORKER editorial staff will speak, is one of a series of meetings to be held in all parts of the city, the Amalgamated Food Workers' office announces. These meetings will lead up to general mass demonstration of all the restaurant workers in Chicago.

Reports coming into the office of the union last night were that the sale of the special "Food Workers' Strike Edition" of the DAILY WORKER was a huge success. The food workers covered the North Side strike zone and West and South Side sections of the city.

On West Madison St. the sales of the DAILY WORKER were especially good. In the section near the Crystal Restaurant, the corner of Madison and Kedzie, which is affected by the strike, the sales of the DAILY WORKER sold especially well. The union members who distributed the paper report that many men passersby, after reading about the conditions of the Greek restaurant workers, came back and promised their support.

One man said it was a shame the way the American Association of Greek Restaurant Keepers has been taking advantage of the Greek workers with their long hours and small pay.

Daily Worker Everywhere. Other zones covered by the special Food Workers' edition of the DAILY WORKER were near the Akonite restaurant, 1166 North Clark St.; the Elite restaurant, 1625 Wilson avenue; Peterson's restaurant, 1907 Lawrence; and sections near 3rd St. and Cottage Grove, and Blue Island area, near Halsted St.

The food workers' headquarters reports that the New Day restaurant, 807 East 63rd St., told their employees that every union member must get out of the union if they would be discharged. In retaliation, the employees quit in a body during the evening meal rush hour, waitresses walking out with the male employees.

Greeks Worst Paid. Secretary Albert E. Steward of the Amalgamated Food Workers said yesterday: "The DAILY WORKER special edition telling about the strike has undoubtedly stirred up the people of Chicago who use restaurants. They have learned that the Greek restaurant workers are among the poorest paid and the hardest worked in the city. In a few days we will see another special food workers' edition which will distribute a larger number than the original two thousand."

Kilauea Lively. MILU, T. H. May 28.—One explosion from the crater of Kilauea, volcano 20 miles from Hilo, on the island of Hawaii, silenced last night.

MINERS BAR MEMBERS OF ENEMY ORDER

Convention Closes with Rank and File Victory

PEORIA, Ill., May 28.—The convention of the Illinois Mine Workers adjourned today after giving Frank Farrington two decisive defeats on the appointment of power and administering a beating to Farrington on the question of the Ku Klux Klan. The convention again went on record against admittance of miners into the union who belong to the Klan, in spite of Farrington's plea. Farrington pleaded with the delegates not to discuss such a delicate subject on the floor, claiming it would do no good.

The convention today decisively passed resolution No. 2, of the resolution on constitutional changes, which again bars Farrington of his appointive power. This resolution passed with a substantial majority, over the vigorous opposition of the Farrington machine.

Delegate Joe Tumulty tried to expose to the convention how the present election laws allow elections to be stolen by the "Farrington" machine. Farrington ruled Tumulty out of order in an attempt to prevent exposure of his election methods.

ROYAL PANHANDLERS ARRIVE IN LONDON TO TOUCH BRITISH BANKERS

LONDON, May 28.—The King and Queen of Rumania were right royally welcomed by the royal family of England on their arrival in London yesterday. All the princes and princesses that the English workers are carrying on their backs were there together with sundry titled parasites from other countries, whose subjects get tired feeding them. They were bawled out with the choice of two evils, either submit to have their heads removed or getting out of the country. They chose the latter evil and are now living comfortably on the broad backs of the loyal Britons.

Hundreds of blackshirts Italian and British Fascist crawled on the belly before the Rumanian panhandlers, who are here openly and brazenly on a begging expedition. They were bawled out of Paris by the result of the elections and are playing London as their last European stand. If they can't make any dough here, they may come to the United States. They want the money, but refuse to go to work.

DOCTOR PROVES CAPITALISM IS THIEF OF CHILD'S BIRTHRIGHT

KIRKWOOD, Mo., May 28.—Effects of poverty on the equality of children under modern industrialism were brought home by the fact that out of every three school children in the United States, two are suffering from physical defects which will interfere with their development into normal men and women.

Wisconsin Senator Raises Cry of "Red Menace" While Hitting June 17 Convention

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 28.—Camouflaged progressivism, that has been masquerading a fake militancy in an effort to win the support of the workers for this fall's elections, today turned loose its guns on the class Farmer-Labor Party Convention called for St. Paul, Minn., June 17th.

Not only Senator Robert Marion La Follette, who has been in hiding during most of the Teapot Dome exposures, but the Conference for Progressive Political Action, that is daily growing more brazen in its flirtations with the old parties, issued statements attacking the promising gathering of workers and farmers at St. Paul.

Both statements carry the stamp of the reactionary Gompers regime in the American Federation of Labor.

They raise the bugaboo of the "red menace," a tune so often heard by the Palmer and Daugherty regimes in the hysterical department of justice, under both democratic and republican rule.

The Blessing of Burns. While the Conference for Progressive Political Action was busy, every occasion, raised the "red" banner, Senator La Follette now joins the pack, that received the blessing of the ousted Detective William J. Burns, who said: "Altho I do not sleep in the same bed with Mr. Gompers, I certainly support him in his stand against the 'Communists,' or words to that effect."

It has been felt all along that Senator La Follette would seize the first possible opportunity to desert and bring the growing class conscious farmer-labor movement in the United States. He has done this in his statement issued today, in which he uses the excuse of Communist participation in the St. Paul convention to withdraw from it.

At the same time La Follette confessed his allegiance to the old parties, that he still had his eyes on the national convention to be held at the Madison and New York city. La Follette's statement today took the form of a letter to Attorney General H. C. Kuhn of Wisconsin, in full as follows:

La Follette to Kuhn. "My dear Kuhn: I have your letter of May 17, saying that many of my friends in this state are anxious to know my attitude toward the 'Farmer-Labor-Progressive' convention called to meet at St. Paul June 17."

"I should not feel it incumbent upon me to declare my attitude except that my name is being used by the promoters of that convention in such a way as to convey the impression that it has my approval and, as a result, some of my friends in different parts of the country are contemplating the St. Paul convention. Because of these facts, I feel it my duty to state my view frankly."

"I have no doubt that very many of those who have participated in bringing about the St. Paul convention have been actuated by the purest desire to promote genuine political and economic progress."

He Smells "Fatal Error." "Nevertheless, in my judgment the June 17th convention will not command the support of farmers, the workers, or other progressives because those who have had charge of the arrangements for this convention have committed the fatal error of making the Communists an integral part of their organization."

"The Communists have admittedly entered into this political movement not for the purpose of curing, by means of the ballot, the evils which afflict the American people but only to divide and confuse the progressive movement and create a condition more favorable to their ultimate aims. Their real purpose is to establish by revolutionary action a dictatorship of the proletariat, which is absolutely repugnant to democratic ideals and to the American people. The official declarations of the Workers Party show clearly that they are seeking to use the Farmer-Labor party of Minnesota and other progressive organizations that have lent their names to this convention as a means of advancing their own ends."

Quotes from "Daily Worker." "This is shown by an official statement of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party of America, as follows: 'The official declarations of the Workers Party show clearly that they are seeking to use the Farmer-Labor party of Minnesota and other progressive organizations that have lent their names to this convention as a means of advancing their own ends.'"

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BAKERS STRIKE FOR WAGE BOOST AND UNION SHOP, Jewish Workers Walk Out at 1 A. M.

Two hundred members of the Jewish Bakery and Confectionery Union of America, Local 257, went on strike at 1 o'clock yesterday morning for an increase in wages and against the attempt of the bakery owners to break up their union.

The men immediately gathered at Liberty Hall, 3429 West Roosevelt Rd., and held an enthusiastic strike meeting which did not break up until 4 in the morning. Business Agent Lipkin told how he was asked for an increase in wages and how the men had been locked out in an attempt to break the union, but he was surprised to find that the strike is won.

The strike and lockout, which centers around the Douglas Park district, includes the White Palace bakery, which is one of the most reactionary establishments in town.

Daily Forward Had Scab Speech. It was declared in a speech by one of the members at the strike meeting that the Jewish Daily Forward, a yellow Socialist journal, carried a front page ad for men to work in the bakery shop at 1398 South Kedzie Ave. The union member said: "This bakeryshop is supposed to be union, but it is well known as a scab shop."

A strike committee of seven was elected, and the union will establish headquarters at 3429 West Roosevelt Rd., which will be kept open from 10 a. m. until 10 p. m.

Daily Worker Aid Pledged. Hymie Harris of the Young Workers' Union, which has been asked to talk to the strikers, told them about the help the DAILY WORKER had given in the garment workers' and the Pullman car builders' strikes. He promised that the DAILY WORKER would support the striking bakers with both publicity and speakers.

Redskins Leaving Reservation To Live Like Wage Slaves

(By The Federated Press.) ALBANY, N. Y., May 28.—Whole families of Iroquois Indians are moving off the reservation in New York state to secure opportunity for work and to merge with white civilization, according to Albert C. Hill, chief of the Indian school bureau, state department of education in his annual report. There are only 5,000 Indians left in the state. He predicts their gradual absorption and amalgamation with the whites.

NO DAILY WORKER ISSUED SATURDAY; MAGAZINE FRIDAY

Owing to the fact that Friday, May 28, is a holiday Memorial Day, recognized as such by the printing trades, there will be no issue of the DAILY WORKER this week.

The regular Saturday Magazine Section will appear, the same size as usual, in Friday's issue. "Make your arrangements now with your newsstand dealer to see that you get your Friday's issue of the DAILY WORKER."

REBELS ACTIVE DESPITE SLUMP IN BUSINESS

Dist. 5, Workers Party Boosts the Battle

By VINCENT KEMENOVICH.
SOUTH BROWNSVILLE, Pa., May 28.—Working conditions here are very poor. The H. C. Frick Coal and Coke Co. closed about ten of their mines in Fayette and Westmoreland counties. Over 3000 men are out of jobs. Many of the small concerns are closed down and mines that are working are

The Monongahela Railroad laid off over one hundred men in the South Branch, Brosville and the Pennsylvania Railroad laid off the men in the West Brownsville shops.

Building Only Booms.

Building trades are sailing well under the present boom in the Brownsville towns. Laborers signed a contract at 62 cents an hour and will see the closed shop.

Local No. 2086 of the United Mine Workers, subscribed \$12 for the St. Paul convention. The Trades Council couldn't act because it had no funds.

Splendid Donations.

The local branch of the Workers' Party collected \$30 for the St. Paul convention; sent \$50 to Comrade Man

tinovich just released from prison \$62 to the Defense of the Farrell cases; \$10 to the Federated Farmers Labor Party. The branch members assessed themselves \$5 a month to build up the District 5, Workers Party, treasury.

**Pay More Wages Or
We Strike, Declare
New York Waiters**

NEW YORK, May 28.—Demand for a 15 per cent wage increase, complete shop unionization, and union recognition and agreement guaranteed by cash security by employers were voted by 3000 members, Waitresses' and Waitresses' union, local 1, announced today. The union is affiliated with the New York Restaurant and Barkeepers' Association. The old contract expires May 31. Unless the employers sign, the union will strike.

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CENTRALIA WHITE GUARD "HONORED" BY GRAFT EXPOSE

Collectors Got All The Monument Money

By Defense News Service.
CENTRALIA, Wash., May 28.—Hundreds of persons who contributed money to the fund for an American Legion memorial to the four legionaires killed in the Armistice day riot here in 1919, have finally learned what became of the \$16,500 collected by the Centralia Memorial association, Inc. It was all spent for salaries and expenses of those who promoted the project.

This was revealed in a law suit brought against the association by A. B. Tarker to recover judgment on an assigned claim for service. The assigned claim was that of Frank Jackson of Seattle, who was under contract with the association to conduct a subscription campaign at a salary of \$100 a week and expenses. One-half of this salary was to be paid weekly and the balance of the promised fund of \$250,000 was raised.

Go-Getters Got It

Jackson was advertised as a go-getter, and the drive started early in 1922 amid a blaze of glory. Big business in various parts of Washington added its approval. At the head of the memorial association's general committee as chairman was C. C. Blitcher, editor and publisher of the Seattle Daily Times, while Lieutenant Governor W. J. Coyne was vice chairman, and the head of the executive committee was C. D. Cunningham, then state commander of the American Legion.

Cunningham was one of the special prosecutors who sent eight I. W. W. members to prison for 40 years for defending their lives against a mob of legionnaires on the Armistice day in question. Four of the five incorporators of the memorial association were lawyers, one being Lloyd Day, who headed the mob hunt in which the I. W. W. members were wounded up in the vicinity of Centralia after the riot.

Publicity material about the campaign was sent in Colonel Blitcher's trip. This material included a sketch of the projected memorial building, which was to have been 135 feet wide and 130 feet deep. Toward the erection of this edifice the American Legion's national convention of 1921 appropriated \$10,000. Of the money collected by Jackson, the first \$2000 was supposed to go for a site and other local expenses here.

Raiders No "Heroes"

Gathering in the 1920 looked easy to the promoters at first. And for a little while the going was easy. But after a month or so they struck snags. Several Legion posts in the eastern part of the state refused to

INFLUENCE OF DAILY WORKERS BIGGER THAN EVER AT PEORIA AFTER OUSTING OF ITS REPORTER

PEORIA, Ill., May 28.—The ousting of the DAILY WORKER reporter from the Illinois mine workers' convention, which was accomplished by means of a stolen vote, had a strong reaction in favor of the militants and the DAILY WORKER and against Farrington. The sales of the DAILY WORKER increased greatly since the expulsion. Over two-thirds of the delegates bought the DAILY WORKER every day, and 85 of them have it mailed to their homes as well. The DAILY WORKER sales were greater than all the rest of the other papers sold at the convention combined.

For almost a week prior to the expulsion of the DAILY WORKER representative, either Farrington or one of the speakers invited by him, had bitterly attacked the DAILY WORKER. The reason for this was obvious. The DAILY WORKER was not only in favor of the progressive program of the rank and file delegates, but the delegates were regularly reading the paper.

Frank Farrington, stung by the severe whipping administered to him by the progress of the convention, instituted a campaign to induce the delegates against the DAILY WORKER. When this method failed, because the progressives stood solidly by their paper, Farrington put up one of his appointees to vote for the expulsion of the DAILY WORKER.

Everyday Lies But Farrington

Every newspaper representative at the press table, with the exception of a local Peoria paper, had been called "liar" by Farrington. Farrington tempted to control the press table by his tyranny as he was attempting to control the delegates. He had to succeed in either direction. But Farrington's continual harping upon the new WORKER from the first.

The delegates' reaction to the motion to ask the DAILY WORKER to withdraw, William Sage, a Farrington appointee, was obviously coached. The charges upon which Sage based his motion for expulsion, was the phrase, "Farrington machine," but Farrington himself admitted, "I

contribute. It was said that the Sage machine would give nothing and the collectors found that many cities were skeptical about the sale of the DAILY WORKER.

So the great memorial project broke. The delegates' vote at the end of 11 weeks; the law suit was for the remaining half of his salary for that period. In defending the suit, the Centralia Memorial association pleaded that it was without fault when judgment was returned against it, the organization moved for a new trial. This motion was denied by the King county court in Seattle, and its decision has just been affirmed by the state supreme court.

The only other thing which Sage interpreted as "an insult to the convention" was the statement, "An old granddad waving a hickory stick in one hand and a DAILY WORKER in the other, called out, 'Yes, this is the paper.'"

Farrington said, "Yes, and the machine delegate said, 'Then let's throw the reporter to hell.'"

Sage was either entirely absent from this session, or else he was sitting where he could not observe what was going on. Sage called the story about the granddad a lie.

But the absurdity of Sage's whole report was that he threw his own DAILY WORKER at the delegates. When the delegates were asked to vote on the expulsion of the DAILY WORKER, they voted 100 to 10 in favor of the paper.

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TEACHERS WANT FACTS ON NEW JUNIOR HI PLANS

Fight Education Board for Say in Adoption

The elementary teachers' councils are not showing as much wrath over the high-handed methods of the Board of Education in jamming their program for establishing Junior high schools in Chicago as the teachers of organized labor and the members of the city council. The teachers, while not losing their fine fighting spirit, look forward to the open hearings to be held by the board of education June 3 with less expectancy than the other forces attacking the board's action.

Board Ignores Teachers.
According to Teachers' federation officials, the board has passed the re-quest for the adoption of Junior high schools, and all the talk is now being put off by the board of education.

Superintendent William J. Burns is supposed to have taken a "goodly" attitude toward their opponents, chiefly the members of the Teachers' federation.

The board of education ignored the request for further information on the Junior high proposals except for the invitation to attend the June 3 hearing. The board passed the resolution for the Junior high plan at the same meeting which the teachers' request came up.

Pass the Buck.
With the exception of J. Lewis Clark, failed to appear before the city council's education committee and instead asked council members to attend the principle meetings now being held.

The Gary plan under a new name, which the teachers' union is fighting, was denied admittance to the meeting at which the Junior high plan was adopted.

Forces of organized labor, led by William J. Burns, have been bitterly opposed to the adoption of the Junior high plan, which they claim is practically the Gary plan under a new name.

They maintain that the new system will break down the union by giving too high Teachers' the unions by giving too many youngsters industrial training which they are 15, when such training should normally start.

Some Union-Busting Tricks Explained By Chicago Employer

"It's not always easy to keep union men out of your factory," says the owner of a large machine shop in Chicago. "Blacklists and company spies help some, but card holders slip by just the same."

"The scheme we finally adopted after much treatment works almost 100 per cent. When we need men we interview each applicant carefully. We ask him whether he belongs to a union or belonged in the past. Of course the man thinks we are anti-union and he says 'No, I don't belong to a union.'"

"We tell him that too bad because what we want is union men. If he is a union man he'll usually tell you that he did before once and can get his card renewed. Sometimes he will actually pull out his card. Then we take his name and address and promise to notify him when he is needed."

"But the fellow who walks out of the office when we say we want only union men is the man we are after. When he gets to the doorway we call him back and say maybe we can make room for him temporarily anyhow, and we send him into the shop."

"The other fellow whose name and address we take is the one we want. We forget all about him. This is the best scheme for weeding them out we've ever tried."

Men Hung on Fingerprint.
On the second anniversary of his release from Leavenworth, the printer, Thomas Jennings was hung on the correct public appraisal of his discovery of the possibility of forgery.

William J. Burns was hung on the correct public appraisal of his discovery of the possibility of forgery. William J. Burns was hung on the correct public appraisal of his discovery of the possibility of forgery.

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FINGERPRINT FORGERY MAKES LABOR FRAME-UPS EASY IF ALIEN IDENTIFICATION BILL IS PASSED

In view of the proposed immigration measures which advocate taking the fingerprints of all aliens entering and leaving this country, Albert Wehde's discovery of fingerprint forgeries is becoming tremendously significant, especially when it is considered that identification "experts" will not profess recognition of the discovery.

The menace of fingerprint forgery is that once a man's fingerprints have been taken, whether he has been convicted of any crime or not, the prints may be duplicated, may be placed on an object at the scene of a crime, at any time the authorities want to frame-up the fellow for a new offense or merely for activities hostile to the status quo. If aliens were fingerprinted, the possibility of charging them with the crime of being a criminal would be increased.

When the King of stoneliness, William J. Burns, was taken in Washington, he boasted that he left after having perfected the best of identification of the department of justice. He bragged that his bureau of identification had become the best in the world for the work of identifying suspected criminals.

Burns' Pride Exposed.
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William J. Burns has an international reputation as a champion of fingerprinting. He has been chiefly on the frame-up of men involved in labor cases. These are the men who have been taken in by the fingerprinting process.

A great aid to the framing-up of any individual would be the forging of fingerprints. William J. Burns supposedly never knew that fingerprints can be forged. He was a laborer, however, was aware that fingerprints can be forged. He was a laborer, however, was aware that fingerprints can be forged.

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GRAFTERS GET SHORT SHRIFT IN SOVIET RUSSIA

Robbing Workers' Republic Poor Indoor Sport

LENINGRAD, May 28.—Unless the executive committee of the United Soviet Republics condemn the sentences imposed on seventeen former high officials of the administration of the New Economic Policy, the latter will have paid with their lives for their faithfulness to the trust reposed in them.

The charges against the condemned seventeen and thirty-one others who received sentences of from ten years imprisonment to deportation, were: exploitation of the state organization in their own interests, plotting with others to combat state capitalism in order to private enterprises and give capitalist interests a free hand.

The prosecutor is summing up declared that the Soviet government would not tolerate the same old tricks won't win the revolution. The revolution demands that those who betray the trust reposed in them be mercilessly dealt with. It was a pity, he said, to waste a single red army bullet on ill-used men working. The incident started him on his experience.

Over-one hundred Czarist officers and aristocrats came on one trial in the same Workers' court and counter-revolution. A majority of them are now in the hands of the state. Two officers of the state textile trust were denied a new trial by the court because they had been previously condemned to death for corruption.

Quick Response to the Urgent Appeal of German Miners

The first response to the appeal for the \$500,000 miners locked out in Germany was a ten-dollar bill handed yesterday to Rose Karsner, national secretary of the Committee for International Workers Order by a young woman comrade who desired her contribution to remain anonymous.

What workers can do if they get together and make a combined effort is the subject of a lecture given last night by Rose Karsner, national secretary of the Committee for International Workers Order by a young woman comrade who desired her contribution to remain anonymous.

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OUR DAILY PATTERNS

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A PRETTY PROCK FOR MOTHER'S GIRL.

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A DAINY MORNING PROCK.

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A PRETTY PROCK FOR MOTHER'S GIRL.

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