

THE DAILY WORKER
RAISES THE STANDARD
FOR A WORKERS AND
FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

THE DAILY WORKER

Entered as Second-class matter September 21, 1923, at the Post Office at Chicago, Illinois under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Vol. II. No. 133. SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

In Chicago, by mail, \$5.00 per year.

Outside Chicago, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1924

Published Daily except Sunday by THE DAILY WORKER
PUBLISHING CO., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Price 3 Cents

COAL BARONS PLOT WAGE SLASH

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE leaders of the Ku Klux Klan in Texas are on the anxious seat. Faced with rebellion in their own ranks and the aroused opposition of those who have in the past cowed before the inevitable night powders, the Klan leaders are now trying to buy the state with money in an eleventh-hour attempt to avert disaster. Even Klan leaders admit that practically every state office will go to the anti-Klan forces with the exception of the Klan's home state. They will have to hope that Robert, the Klan candidate, will beat Mrs. Ferguson, who is making a strenuous campaign against the Klan.

IT appears that the hooded order has reached a high point of its career. The defeat of the Klan in Wisconsin by even such a disreputable politician as J. C. Walker, former governor of the state, the civil war in the Klan of Indiana and the unfavorable report of the Democratic committee on the Democratic convention, has put the hooded order on the defensive. In Texas, the propaganda of the Klan was directed against Catholics, Jews, and Negroes. Now, there appear to be Jewish, Negro, and Negroes who have nothing against anybody's religion. The new face of Americanism is Negro, according to the Klan. The change in policy followed a visit from Hiram W. Evans, Imperial Wizard. If the Klan suffered defeat in Texas, it will affect the fortunes of the organization throughout the country.

PITY the poor Baroness Ottily de Ropp, Russian noblewoman, who is no longer because the wicked Bolsheviks took away her title and did not let her work in the country she loved. Her country is now ground down under the atheistic and Godless heels of Bolshevism. And unless we look out, soothed the Baroness, our society will have to go to work and take back our country. The Baroness will have no one to play with. Poodle dogs will have to be sent to the Home for the Protection of Homeless Canines and romance will be short of its woe. The "feel good" lecture was delivered by the barb-chewing members of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, according to a report in the Los Angeles Times. The reporter did not say whether the Baroness was pretty or much worse for wear, so we assume for lack of better evidence that her publication was by default.

REPORTERS as a rule are more concerned with appearances than with fundamentals, and failure to describe the lady's figure leads us to the conclusion that no wicked Bolshevik threatened to turn over the Red to the Baroness. The Baroness did return for her smile. She took a wicked wallop at the American Communists which is quite unfair of the lady, as we never bothered her much. We spent \$1,000.00 a week pumping

(Continued on Page 4)

BOB'S STATE GIVES LABOR POOR WAGES

Progressivism Proves Delusion for Toilers

By JAY LOVESTONE.
(Seventh Article.)

For years the liberals, social reformers, and purifiers of capitalism have held up Wisconsin as the outstanding experiment in capitalist democracy.

Today, Senator LaFollette points with pride to his achievements in Wisconsin, his "Model Commonwealth." He is fighting to win the presidency in order to extend the progressivism and blessings of his heralded "Wisconsin Plan."

But Wisconsin's "pure" democracy and "genuine" progressivism have failed to bring in the way of the suffering and hardship of the working men and poor farmers.

Wisconsin's workers are amongst the worst underpaid in the country.

Here the workers suffer from long hours and in many cases from low wages and long hours.

If working conditions are to be accepted as a sound criterion of genuine progressivism then LaFollette's Wisconsin experiment is a sham and a delusion to the labor masses.

According to the findings of the latest 1919 census of manufacturers, the average monthly cost of labor, or wage per month, in the manufacturing industries in the United States is \$350. But Wisconsin, for all this progress, has come down from the country as a whole, with an average monthly wage of only \$169. Thus

(Continued on Page 6)

Send in that Subscription Today.

POWER COMPANY GIVES CONTRACT TO SCAB MINES

Union to Feel Need of Complete Union Field

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 21.—Contracts for 350,000 tons of coal to be consumed during the coming year by the Northern States Power Company will not bring work to union miners of Illinois, but to miners in the open shop territory of the east, according to contracts awarded by the company.

Northern States Power is the largest public utility in the northwest, with the exception of the railroads, the biggest consumer of steam coal in that region. Its contracts for 300,000 tons of screenings go to four dock companies importing eastern bituminous coal via Duluth and Superior, and among them the Pittsburgh Coal Company.

Illinois Miners Will Feel Blow.

A recent order of the Interstate commerce commission raised freight rates on Illinois union-mined coal by 28 cents in order to give coal imported by railroads a better chance to compete.

The new rates will have a nonunion eastern coal, go into effect Sept. 10 and are expected to render it more difficult for Illinois miners to keep going.

(Continued on Page 4)

ACTORS' EQUITY TO JOIN STRIKE OF MUSICIANS

Managers to Get More Than They Bargain For

LABOR DAY, Sept. 1, will see the closing down of all the musical comedy and drama theaters in Chicago unless a ten per cent increase in wages will be granted to the musicians.

Musician Stand Pat.

Traveling musicians, members of the National Musicians' Union, will be ordered to keep away from the Chicago theaters during the strike.

James C. Petrillo in speaking of the impending strike said: "Wonderful spirit and determination is shown by our members to carry on this fight to a finish. The statement in the bosses' press that we are expected to make marks is only a hot-headed effort in the minds of the managers. There is no basis for this. All our members are in the fight and will stick tight until we get our increase."

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LAFOLETTE'S STATE FAR BEHIND

THE average monthly wage in Wisconsin is below the average monthly wage in the manufacturing industries of the United States as a whole.

Wisconsin, which is **FOURTH** in the proportion of workers employed in corporation-controlled manufacturing industries is **TWENTY-NINTH** in the monthly wage earned by the working men employed in these industries.

The proportion of workers employed forty-eight hours a week or less in Wisconsin is **third** in the United States as a whole. In the Badger state, where LaFollette has for years engaged in tirades against the evils of monopolized industry, the open shop movement is most powerful and the trade union movement is, comparatively speaking, weak.

MINERS DEMAND STAND ON UNEMPLOYMENT BUT LA FOLLETTE IS QUIET

(Special to the Daily Worker)
BELLEVILLE, Ill., Aug. 20.—Over half the miners in the Belleville coal district are shut down, with 7,000 miners out of work. Due to the shutdown in the mines of the Belleville Subdistrict, 70 per cent of the miners are swinging away from Robert M. LaFollette, who completely ignores the unemployment crisis, toward the clear-cut Workers Party program to eliminate unemployment.

"Wives of the miners in some cases are working in washing in order to keep their suffering children alive. "I don't know what the poor devils do," the proprietor of a shoe store on Main street here told a reporter.

"I am not a union man," he said.

DISSENSION IS RIFE IN CAMP OF LAFOLLETTE

Machinists and Garment Workers Reject Bob

By MAX SHACHTMAN.

News of the withdrawal of George L. Berry, president of the International Machinists Union, from the LaFollette campaign; of the dissatisfaction on the part of the treasurer for LaFollette's labor end, Warren S. Stone; of the loss-making banks; of divisions in LaFollette's banks in New York, and the withdrawal of another local of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, mark the latest developments in the campaign of the Wisconsin senator.

Berry, who had haunted the democratic national convention in search for the vice-presidential nomination on the basis of a strike-breaking record in his own union, has now come out for John W. Davis, in spite of a pledge to LaFollette made three weeks ago.

Stone is gone.

Warren S. Stone, in spite of the ever-repeated contention that he will stick, is obviously disengaged. Because of a resolution passed at the last convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, he had arrogated to himself the power to dispense the funds of the organization as he saw fit, and was lavish with them to the tune of at least \$50,000, to boost LaFollette, but with one good always towards the vice-presidential nomination on Bob's slate.

LaFollette, always careful about giving and representing himself as the man most absolutely immune to corruption, instead, Wheeler. For this, Stone will probably never forgive him, his statements of allegiance to the contrary notwithstanding. But "Bob" is not worried.

Even "Young Bob," in touching upon the rumored resignations of Stone, referred to him as absolutely immune to corruption, instead, Wheeler. For this, Stone will probably never forgive him, his statements of allegiance to the contrary notwithstanding. But "Bob" is not worried.

New York Difficulties.

In New York, the perennially hopeful Socialist Party has managed to worm itself into a number of strategic positions in the local organizations for Free and Political Action. In calling a local conference, they overlooked the Tammany Hall politicians who are in control of the New York portion of the American Federation of Labor.

When the call for the conference came, the leaders of the influential Labor Council of New York sent out a circular letter in opposition to the meeting. And all of Abraham Turvin's declarations that "the incident is trivial" will not hide the fact that Tammany Hall leaders do not intend to be beaten with the S. P. when they take the field in the gubernatorial election of the C. P. A. may possibly endorse Norman Thomas, socialist candidate, for governor. Turvin is the manager of the labor division of LaFollette in New York.

"We want to endorse as many friends of labor as possible and the conditions most popular among the members of the unions," said John Coughlin, secretary of the Central Labor Council of New York. This means the continued endorsement of Tammany Hall or G. O. P. factors with LaFollette carrying off the presidential endorsement.

Unauthenticated Local Protest.

But all comes the news that Local 55, Amalgamated Clothing Workers of Pittsburgh passed a resolution after careful discussion, condemning the action of the General Executive

UNEMPLOYED WORKERS GET DELEGATES INTO FRISCO LABOR BODY

(By The Federated Press)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—A new departure was made by the San Francisco Labor conference, which it voted to accept two unemployed men as fraternal delegates at each meeting, to learn at first hand the conditions of the unemployed. The men will be selected from the so-called "slave market"—the employment office region on Howard St., where men out of a job congregate.

Boat in endorsing the Wisconsin messiah.

"The Amalgamated Clothing Workers, Local 55, Pittsburgh, Pa., condemns the attempt of the official labor leaders to lead the workers into the middle class LaFollette camp. And we protest against the action of the General Executive Board of the Amalgamated endorsing the LaFollette-Wheeler ticket. We protest against the expressed aspiration of the membership through our national convention in favor of a class labor party."

The wave of resentment and condemnation of the arbitrary action of the Hillman administration in flinging for petit bourgeois representation a one-local union after another.

In Johnston's Own Camp.

In the camp of William H. Johnston, chairman of the Cleveland Federation of C. P. A. and president of the International Machinists, the machinists protests are being heard. As a double wallop at the Johnston machine and the political chameleons of the Chicago Federation of Labor, Local Union 390, of the International Association of Machinists, in its last session overruled and voted down every endorsement of Robert Marion and Burton Kendall.

Merrily They Roll Along. In the meantime the campaign of LaFollette rolls along merrily. The slightest tinge of radicalism is being expunged from the records in an effort to cleanse himself from the odium of being a communist affiliated with the Socialist Party.

Labor, official organ of the railroad brotherhoods, and authoritative mouthpiece for LaFollette, reports that preparations are being made to meet the charge of LaFollette's supposed anti-war stand by the speech made at St. Paul in 1917, the LaFollette camp is reminding the electorate that this speech was proved to have been purposely misquoted and was about denunciation of Fascism. LaFollette, Mussolini was burned in effigy.

The government made a gesture of impartiality by the imprisonment of fifty of the national militia for disturbing a protest meeting. All of the fifty were released next day.

Strike For a Day.

Work will stop for a day in every town thru which the body of Matteotti passes when, after the funeral at Rome on Sunday, it is carried to Badia Polesine, the birth place of the murdered deputy. Workers will gather at the railway stations to pay tribute of praise to the dead, and tribute of thanks to the living criminals entrenched in the seats of the government.

Ignore Labor Organ.

The latest stunt of the "progressives" is the announcement that they will support Senator Thomas Walsh, Democratic senator from Montana for re-election. This is the newest in the budding independent Farmer-Labor party movement.

The Farmer-Labor party of Montana has its own candidate for U. S. Senator, but means nothing to the Wisconsin.

It does not take into account for a single moment the fact that the Montana State Federation of Labor in its convention during the first part of July, 1924, drew up a resolution condemning this same Senator Walsh as an enemy of labor and author of the infamous criminal syndicalism law of the state.

But labor's opinion doesn't count very much with LaFollette. Only Robert Marign LaFollette counts with him.

Act to Boycott Italy.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 21.—The red transport workers of Veracruz and Tampico will boycott the Italian exhibition which is to open next week. They are doing this because of the fact that Mussolini's government is universally considered by the workers as an enemy of the working class.

WORKERS CLASH WITH FASCISTI ON MATTEOTTI

Thousands Rallying to Attend Funeral

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ROME, Aug. 21.—The pouring of workers and peasants into the city continues.

Speculators here recall the Fascist march on Rome of all but two years ago, which thrust Mussolini into the dictatorship after he had been ousted by decree of the liberal government.

Workers Rally.

Between that demonstration and the uprising of today there is this difference: that the crowd here is a storming Rome to take part in the public burial of Giacomo Matteotti in defiance of the government.

Foreign Secretary Stresemann to-day made a detailed report to the London Economic conference to the rechagging foreign relations committee.

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Massolli has called to the city 40,000 of the national militia—the blackshirt. The Fascist of Lazio, a government stronghold, are mobilizing to come to Rome for a counter-demonstration. The force of armed guards surrounding the jail where he is imprisoned the Fascist convicted of complicity in the murder has been doubled.

Denounce Fascist Rule.

The right hand of the body of Matteotti was missing when the corpse was discovered. Government officials say that worms ate it away. The workers know that worms do not eat bones.

Hated of the blackshirt regime has reached fever heat. Demonstrations against the dictatorship have up all over Italy. In Milan fifteen Fascist were wounded when they attacked the militiamen soldiers of the regular army who had hung the picture of Matteotti in the city armory. Naples, where two years ago the Fascist march on Rome was organized, witnessed parades of the workers, who shout denunciation of Fascist. In Rome, Mussolini was burned in effigy.

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Was Pleased Then.

What angers the French most is the fact that the letter the dated last Saturday was written prior to MacDonald's speech at the close of the British Empire conference, expressed satisfaction at the happy solution of the Rubh evacuation question.

Most of the Paris papers express furious resentment against MacDonald's trickery. The Communist paper point out that despite the peace protocol of the international representation, the rival capitalist nations, that they are at each other's throats and that another war would result unless the workers joined hands across the international frontier, kick the capitalist governments into the dust and establish Soviet Republics in Europe.

Better Rooms for Labor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—The Republic Engineers' Beneficial Assn. has moved into new San Francisco headquarters, including an office, lounge, card room and billiard room.

CALIFORNIA FREE SPEECH CASE JURY OUT ONLY FIVE MINUTES; RENDERS VERDICT "NOT GUILTY"

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LOS ANGELES, Calif., Aug. 21.—E. G. Moffitt, who was arrested while speaking at an open air meeting held in San Pedro on July 6 under the auspices of the American Civil Liberties Union was found not guilty of disturbing the peace by a Los Angeles jury. This meeting was held for the purpose of protesting the inactivity of the police department and the district attorney's office in investigating the raid on the I. W. W. hall in which women and children had been scalded and seven men killed and maimed by a mob.

Moffitt was arrested on the 6th of July and nine days later, after he had procured a writ of habeas corpus, the charge of "maliciously, unlawfully, etc., disturbing the peace," was preferred against him.

The prosecution charged Mr. Moffitt with having uttered the Police Department as "skunks, degenerates, etc. language unfit to be used at a public meeting." It was also charged that he had called Jack Diamond of the District Attorney's Office a "stoolie employed by the police" and " unfit to be a father or a husband." The police officers stated from the stand that loud and boisterous language had been employed, altho when asked if it was quiet enough to be heard, it was replied that he spoke no louder than the other speakers and there was no disturbance at the meeting.

When asked to demonstrate Mr. Moffitt's demeanor, the officer waved his arms somewhat.

Reverend Robert Whitaker, Prof.

or of Calvary of Southwestern Univer-

sity, Santa Monica of the I. W. W.

Printed on a fine grade of paper, 12 inches wide by 18 inches high. Suitable for framing or putting in your window.

The War is Over.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The Grand Army of the Republic doesn't know the Civil War is over. They have protested against the coining of a memorial half dollar to commemorate the fallen Confederate soldiers.

AMERICA SABOTAGED RUHR EVACUATION IS CHARGE OF GERMANS

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
BERLIN, Aug. 21.—Charging that America is responsible for the immediate evacuation of the Ruhr by supporting France, Germany, Chancellor Marx's organ, to-day printed a leading article, which added:

"Crusader Wilson was turned out by a mob, if he had not been a saint, he would have preached a new bible, but the salvation work serves only business: Europe is under the heels of American capital. It is a pity the great American nation lacks the making of a great human gesture."

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Published by THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO.
1115 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
(Phone: Monroe 4713)

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

By mail:	\$2.50 - 6 months	\$2.00 - 3 months
By mail (In Chicago only):	\$4.50 - 6 months	\$3.50 - 3 months
Address all mail and make out checks to		

THE DAILY WORKER

Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGAHL — Editors

WILLIAM F. DUNNE — Business Manager

MORTIZE J. LOEB

Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923 at the Post Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

250 Advertising rates on application

War Makers Busy

While all the peace conferences, reparations gatherings, reconstruction confabs, and universal justice sessions are going on, the capitalist world war-makers are working overtime preparing ammunition and infernal machines for the coming war.

The Skoda Works, in Europe, the munition plants of France, the cannon factories of England and the airplane manufacturers of Germany and Italy are now operating at a feverish pace, piling up huge supplies of destruction.

In the United States, while unemployment is gripping every basic industry the munition factories are busier than ever. The findings of the Department of Commerce, 1923, Census of Manufacturers just issued, dealing with ammunition and related products, affords most instructive evidence of the energy with which our war-makers are setting the pace in preparing the country for the next conflict.

The last biennial Census of Manufacturers tells us that the establishments engaged primarily in the production of ammunition and related products reported a total output valued at more than fifty-one million dollars. This is a rate of increase in the total as compared with 1921, the last preceding census year, of nearly fifty-three per cent. The rate of increase in the value of ammunition and related products was sixty-two and a half per cent.

The number of working men producing ammunition in the United States has increased twenty-five per cent within the last two years; the cost of materials nearly seventy-five per cent.

Since the last Census of Manufacturers there have been held at least half a dozen international peace gatherings of first magnitude. While the employing class phrasemongers were attempting to hide the imperialist intents and purposes of the ruling class behind a smokescreen of poisonous words, the munition makers were plying their trade more prosperously than ever.

This apparently strange contradiction is a grim reality confronting the workers today. This situation is a sad commentary on the likelihood of the international bankers and industrialists being able to bring peace to the world for even a limited number of years. While the meaningless words of an impossible peace are being uttered, the seeds of an impending hellish war are being sown.

Towards Splendid Isolation

In an address delivered before the Institute of International Politics of the Federal Council of Churches, Samuel G. Inman, a student of Latin-American problems, pointed out the great dangers to the United States of its being isolated by a united Latin-American opposition.

No one can overestimate the seriousness of this danger to the workers and farmers of the United States. Our imperialists are driving at such a headlong pace towards world domination that, in time, they are bound to win universal hatred. Such a "victory" will necessarily be the signal for a new world conflagration. Not only in Latin America, not only in the Far East and in Asia Minor, but also in Europe the American capitalists are rapidly extending their sway.

One exploiters have at this moment an investment of more than \$7,000,000,000 in the markets and industries of the lesser industrially developed and the war-stricken countries. Handsome profits and fabulous dividends must be collected on these giant investments of the surplus value wrung from the American workers by our exploiting class.

Security, in the terms of vassal governments, control of the natural resources of the country, and mortgages on the basic industries, is an essential guarantee demanded by our imperialists before they invest a single dollar.

Therein lie the dangers of the United States achieving this goal of splendid isolation. Sooner, rather than later, the hatred of the world will be won by our imperialists along with their domination of the markets and industries of the other countries. This means that the very working class whose products were taken from them to be invested by their bosses in the foreign lands, will be called upon to fight for the safety of these investments, for the continuity of the flow of dividends to the very class that is exploiting the masses of every country.

The times demand that the workers of the United States and the Latin-American countries get together with the working masses of all the other countries for organized united action against the serious menace of another world slaughter that will with certainty follow the presently brewing sharp conflict of interests among the various national, capitalist imperialist groups.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for THE DAILY WORKER.

Miners Must Fight

Meeting in Herrin yesterday, the coal operators and their lieutenants make public the object of their plottings for the past two years—smash the wage scale of the miners and destroy their union.

Frank Farrington, by playing around with the utopian schemes of class collaboration, with such buncome as the talk of super-power plants as the cure for the miners' ills, and by joining hands with Lewis in putting across the three-year contract in such a fashion that it puts a rope around the Illinois miners' necks—Farrington has, by these and other methods, carefully prepared the way for the operators' conference in Herrin.

Of course, the union officials do not dare to sit openly into the Herrin conference. They will put up a bluff of fighting it. But they have nothing definite to offer. They continue to talk about collaborating with the bosses, they continue to propose collaboration schemes, that mean nothing except profits to the bosses. But what the miners need is a fighting leadership, district and national, that will go out and organize the miners 100% and then cut down the working day to 6 hours and the week to 5 days, without reduction of earning capacity of the miners.

Wisconsin No Exception

Much valuable ink and oceans of words have been spilled by our liberal political innocents and malcontents about the great panacea that LaFollette's "Wisconsin plan" has proved to the workers.

All talk to this effect is as empty as it is loud. The Wisconsin's plan of government is originally the same plan functioning throughout the country: the plan whereby the employing class utilizes the state machinery to oppress the workers and cripple them in their struggle for better employment and living conditions.

Throughout the country, Wisconsin and the other 47 states included, the court system is the pivotal point in the whole governmental organization being used against labor. Fresh evidence of this coming being a source of grave difficulties for the workers in LaFollette's state is revealed thru the issuing of a temporary injunction restraining the operation of the Wisconsin minimum wage law.

We see no cause for holding that the minimum wage of twenty-five cents an hour for adult women, as ordained by the Wisconsin minimum wage law, is a source of substantial relief to the working class. But the Wisconsin district court, at Superior, found it necessary to brand even this insignificant measure a violation of the constitutional provision guaranteeing the sacredness of the freedom of contract and private property. It is plain that in the Badger state, as in all the states where the reactionaries make no pretense about the progressive character of their administrations, the interests of the propertied class are held far above the welfare of the working masses.

In the light of an unbroken series of such experiences as the above with the Wisconsin judicial oligarchy, LaFollette's continuous talk about the tyranny of the court is quite useless. Our judicial oligarchy will be made impotent only when the entire system of government dominated by the employing class is gotten rid of by the exploited workers and the dispossessed farmers. The ownership of the means of production and exchange and of the governmental machinery by the bosses is alone responsible for the sufferings of the workers at the hands of the courts, legislatures, and executive bureaus.

It is this sore spot that LaFollette not only refuses to remove, but thru his economic and political program is seeking to perpetuate. His sham battles in the courts are no signs of friendship for the workers. They are that much thrown into the eyes of the working men. Fundamentally Wisconsin is as much a tool in the hands of the exploiters as any other state in the Union.

More evidence on the Russian Bolsheviks! Major Basil Tscheslavsky, formerly an officer in the Czar's army, is now working as a guard at the Western Electric Company's plant at Hawthorne. This is an outrage. Perhaps the publicity in the capitalist papers may mark a turning point in his fortunes. He would make a good substitute for a poodle on the Gold Coast.

Several hundred empty pocketbooks were found on the Dawes lawn in Eyanston the morning after the notification ceremonies. THE DAILY WORKER reporter did not lose the dollar and ten cents he had in his pocket, because he stayed away from Eyanston when he heard that prominent republi-cans would attend in great numbers. Look out for political pickpockets.

T. V. O'Connors, chairman of the United States shipping board, discovered that Coolidge is a friend of labor. He signed the "forty-eight hour week" bill for workers when he was governor of Massachusetts. That was about the time he smashed the Policemen's Union with the aid of Samuel Gompers.

Labor fakers are a drug on the political market these days. They can be had for the asking. LaFollette has the largest collection. John W. Davis has some outstanding samples and even little "Cal," the most prominent strike breaker of them all, can boast of several stalwarts.

After Coolidge assumed the presidency he was visited by Samuel Gompers and a committee from the executive council of the American Federation of Labor. Gompers assured Coolidge that while he voted the democratic ticket, he considered a republican perfectly reliable and not at all dangerous to business.

A bold statement of the bolder

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Bob's State Gives Labor Poor Wages

(Continued from page 1)

Wisconsin holds the untenable twenty-ninth place in the ranks of the monthly wages paid the working men of the various states.

This low wage is significantly painful when one realizes that it is in no way due to a lack of industrial development. In Wisconsin 92.6 per cent of the workers are employed in manufacturing industries owned by corporations. Wisconsin ranks fourth in the United States in the proportion of workers employed in manufacturing industries owned by corporations, but ranks only twenty-ninth in the monthly wage paid to these working men.

Since this investigation was made Wisconsin wages have declined sharply. For all industries, according to the April 1924, United States Monthly Labor Report, wages are approximately 10 per cent lower in the Badger state as of June 1924, December, 1920. Today, according to the June Report of the Wisconsin State Industrial Commission, the average weekly wage for all workers is only \$23.35.

With wages so low, the hours of labor are long in Wisconsin. For the United States as a whole the proportion of wage-workers in the manufacturing industries having forty-eight hours or less of labor per week is 44 per cent. But in Wisconsin it is 51.2 per cent.

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