

**ABRAMOVICH, FLUNKEY OF PARIS
IMPERIALISTS, SLIPS INTO U. S.
QUIETLY ON SINISTER ERRAND**

(Special To The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 18.—R. Abramovich, Russian menshevik, enemy of the workers' government of Russia, member of the executive committee of the second (socialist) international, participant in the counter-revolutionary conspiracy in Soviet Georgia, in which the capitalist governments of Europe attempted an armed coup, arrived in New York City on the steamship Mauretania and fires the opening gun today in a great campaign to prevent the recognition of Soviet Russia by the

Workers in this city who are acquainted with the record and connections of Abramovich, assert that his coming here at this moment can mean nothing else than a concerted drive against Soviet Russia in the newspapers, among the labor organizations and in all the circles influenced by the counter-revolutionary socialist, and white guard circles.

It is expected that Abramovich will also be used in the drive against the left wing especially among the Jewish unions. Abramovich, wherever he goes, always becomes the darling of the right wing.

THE Russian counter-revolutionaries will give additional strength to the

and the so-called "socialist" international of Nostke and Scheidegger, who are the main organizers. R. Abramovich, to raise a campaign against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The "international" of the trade union movement initiated by the Russian trade unions, also Mr. Abramovich is the main organizer. The international of Nostke and Scheidegger, will attempt to raise funds in the U. S. for the Russian counter-revolution. The "international" will call upon the trade union reactionaries and the socialist party to initiate a new campaign against the American working class militants, as in the Michigan case, and to every attempt of the capitalist reactionaries to destroy the American working class.

Such a conspiracy against the Soviet government, against the proposed American trade union movement, against the American labor movement, of the United States, can be conducted by every honest worker in the United States. The Communist Party of America can call upon the American working class to support this new counter-revolution.

Such a campaign of reaction and counter-revolution if permitted to take place without challenge would seriously affect the standing of the progressive forces in the American labor movement, will strengthen the reactionaries and "open shop" forces and will not improbably aggravate the economic and political conditions under which the American

[illegible]

PARIS, Jan. 18.—The first day of business of the new parliament was uneventful. Little of the procedure of the capitalist democracy, the debate over the marine warfare, the strike of Douaenez and the arrest of the Communist mayor who had just struck and set the whole country in a turmoil.

The Communist Deputy Ialanza made such caustic comments upon the business of the parliament that the Socialist side of the debate, that the capitalist then occupying the speaker's

N DEATH HE IS THE
NOVIEV.

1990

SCHOOLS GRIND OUT WORKERS FOR BREAD LINE

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 18.—The unemployment here is growing worse rather than showing any improvement.

Neuro workers are particularly affected by the condition. The Colorado Communist Club reports that 150 men apply for work daily for whom they have no jobs to furnish. But business failures in the city have thrown hundreds of "white collar" workers onto the slave market. Tom Burges-Nash department store bankruptcy alone threw 600 out of jobs. Meanwhile local high schools and business colleges are turning out hundreds of "trained" office workers who through the business losses and employment offices in fruitless quest of work.

When the occasional job happens to be open, these applicants are told that "only experienced help is wanted." And at wages ranging from six to eighteen dollars a week, the latter being about the highest rate for women workers.

Work For Meals.

Restaurants and cafeterias are even getting by some extent with no wages, whatever. High school and college students are employed under the guise of "charity" to work for their meals.

Rich advertisements as appear in local capitalist newspapers prove to be the usual "fake" soliciting opportunity offering the "unemployed" a slim chance on commissions.

The local chamber of commerce held out a hope to the unemployed in the shape of a Sears-Roebuck branch which, it was announced, would employ 2500 workers immediately. (There are fully five times that number out of jobs.) The branch went to Kansas City, however. Perhaps the chamber of commerce will tell the jobless to hike down there and join the mob which will undoubtedly be seized the "branch" for an opportunity to labor for Sears-Roebuck's factory wages scales.

Faker Urges Bonus for Workers.

Meanwhile, the local labor skates have launched another fake "labor paper" to siphon the "unemployed" men. This one announces that it will "more soup lines for the unemployed and tries to 'kill' the Communist who would demand maintenance on all wages rather than on enforced slavery. The other of this sheet, who fears to print his name on it, announces that this is his "soup bowl philosophy."

Considering that the capitalist character gives the jobless no reasonable good food on "charity," it would seem that this amateur fakery could at least suggest "soup" rather than "soup-bowl" philosophy. But such are the elements who dominate the labor organizations and try to expel the Communists. The unemployed will learn to choose between them, when they come to realize the need of food.

Dr. S. ZIMMERMAN
DENTIST
2324 CALIFORNIA AVE., PHONE APPOINT. 1465

CALIFORNIA NEW LOCATION

Special Prices to Workers
X-Ray
Gas Given

ESTABLISHED 12 YEARS
My Examination is Free
My Prices Are Reasonable
My Work is Guaranteed
Extracting Specialist
DELAY MEANS DECAY

The Workers Party to Action

NOTES FOR DETROIT

Detroit Lenin Memorial Program.
DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 18.—Detroit Communists will hold their Lenin memorial service Sunday, Jan. 25, 3:00 p. m. in the House of the Masses, 2546 St. Aubin.

An exceptional program of appropriate vocal and instrumental numbers has been arranged, and Robert Minor, composer of the DAILY WORKER, will deliver the principal address.

The memorial meeting will not be for the purpose of going into mourning. Rather will the occasion be utilized to acquaint the masses with the principles of Leninism and to awaken in them the consciousness that only through the application of these principles in their daily struggles can they make themselves victorious in their struggle for power.

The meeting will be under the joint auspices of the Workers Party and the Young Workers' League. Admission is 25 cents.

C. C. C. Meeting Monday Eve. Feb. 2.
DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 18.—Notice has been sent to all branches of the Workers Party of Detroit regarding the enlarged session of the city central committee on Monday evening, Feb. 2. The executive committee of all branches, as well as the district executive committee will attend.

The purpose of the meeting will be to discuss the political and industrial work of the party for the year. Mich. can win a state election in April and the next election in Detroit will be held in November. The reorganization of the party on the basis of shop, industry, trade union activities, and the functions of the various trade sections constituting the Trade Union Educational League will be thoroughly discussed.

Branch executive committees will show three times to accommodate the work as a result of the enlarged session.

Workers Cheer Lenin Pictures and Soviet Films Shown Here

An enthusiastic crowd that filled two Carlton's Theater weekly cheer- ed Lenin when the film "Le Monnier-Lenin" was shown. The other movies, "Polikushka" and "Soldier Ivan's Miracle" were also applauded by the big audience. The workers in the theater admitted to the writer that there was never such a big crowd in the place. The pictures had shown three times to accommodate the people. The union moving picture operator was as enthusiastic as the audience. "This is the stuff for workers," he said. "Where did you get it? We haven't got such pictures in the United States. Who don't you get some more of them?" The janitor of the theater fully agreed with him as he watched the movies with interest.

But it wasn't only the workers that praised the pictures. An old physician said: "It is the first time in my life that I waited outside of a theater half an hour to see a movie, and I don't regret waiting. It is a wonder! It is the Moscow art only that can produce such a picture."

The committee of the Technical Aid Society, under whose auspices the pictures were shown, was so impressed about the affair that they decided to run another movie in the near future.

MILITANTS ATTENTION!

The Chicago Trade Union Educational League is arranging several campaigns which will require the services of about a hundred people for the distribution of leaflets.

If you recognize the necessity of the battle against the labor bureaucracy volunteer for this work. Get in touch with Martin Abern, Room 303, 166 W. Washington St. or Tom Bell, 1113 W. Washington Blvd. Send in your name, address, and phone number.

JACK JOHNSTONE WILL SPEAK ON A. F. OF L. CONVENTION AT THE NEXT MEETING OF CHICAGO BRANCH T.U.E.L.

Jack Johnstone, assistant secretary of the Trade Union Educational League, will report on the El Paso convention of the American Federation of Labor at the next regular monthly meeting of the Chicago branch of the league.

The meeting will be held on the last Wednesday in January at 8 p. m. in North Dearborn Hall, corner of Dearborn and Madison.

Comrade Johnstone reported the El Paso convention for the DAILY WORKER and traveled to Mexico with, but as guest of the labor fakery who accepted President Calles' of Mexico invitation to witness the inaugural ceremonies in the Mexican capital.

Johnstone has the unusual distinction of being the first Communist reporter in America to announce the passing of America's greatest labor fakery.

DETROIT YOUNG WORKERS SUPPORT POSITION OF MAJORITY OF YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE AND THE W. P.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 18.—At a general membership meeting held last Monday night the Detroit Young Workers League voted unanimously for the statement of policy of the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers' League and for the majority thesis of the Workers' Party. Comrade Max Shachtman represented the N. E. C. of the Young Workers' League.

Y. W. L. MEMBERSHIP MEETING IN NEW YORK SUPPORTS THE MINORITY

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—At a general membership meeting of the Young Workers' League held here the position of the minority in the league headed by Comrade Nat Kaplan and the minority in the Workers' Party headed by Comrade Ruthenberg, Sedacht and Lovestone, was endorsed by a vote of 84 against 73. The position of the majority was presented by Comrade Williams and that of the minority by Comrade Jack Stachel, district organizer of the Young Workers' League.

LOS ANGELES LEAGUE UNANIMOUS FOR THE STATEMENT OF N. E. C.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 18.—The following resolution was adopted unanimously by the membership of the Young Workers' League of Los Angeles, Friday, Jan. 9:

"The members of the Young Workers' League, Los Angeles, declare their approval and support of the National Executive Committee's majority position, outlining the future tasks of the league and supporting the majority position of the Workers' Party Central Executive Committee. The membership wishes to go on record as condemning all factionalism and the separatist tendencies in the activities of the league and in its N. E. C. and urges all league branches to take similar action—ROSE VEXLER, Sec'y."

Results of Membership Meetings

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—The vote was for the majority 18, for the minority 5.

More 'About Farm Problems.

TO THE DAILY WORKER: I am very glad to see that there is some hope for its continuation, "seems" a desirable paper of great importance as to educate the mass of the people politically and economically.

As I am a I, I should like the paper better if you could give a little more consideration and place in the farm problem and the conditions of working farmers as working farmers and laborers ought to stand together.

I as well as all former subscribers would also appreciate very much if it were possible for you to have the market prices on farm products in your paper.

Your comrade,
S. O. Borsheim,
Z. N. Dakota.

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Held Enthusiastic Liebknecht Meeting

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 18.—One of the largest meetings ever held under the auspices of the Philadelphia Young Workers' League was the Liebknecht memorial. Judging by the crowd that filled Eagle's Temple it is evident that the propaganda of the league is reaching more workers than ever before.

The first speaker was Comrade Oliver Carlson. Comrade Carlson gave a brief outline of Liebknecht's activities in the International Union Movement and showed that it was he that actually laid the foundation for it. Great was the applause when Carlson concluded by pointing out that it was the Young Communist International that is the highest developed stage of the youth movement and is carrying on the task for which Liebknecht and Luxemburg were murdered.

A spontaneous applause greeted the chairman's introduction of the "principal speaker of the evening" Comrade Naomi Litvakoff of the Philadelphia Juniors. The short speech made by this twelve year old girl held the audience spellbound.

Comrade H. M. Wicks was the next speaker. He started out by relating the activities of an American Liebknecht who was put behind the bar to serve a sentence of from three to ten years. No sooner had Wicks mentioned the name of C. E. Ruthenberg than the audience burst into great applause. At that point an appeal for a collection was made for the Ruthenberg Defense which netted \$51.70.

Comrade Wicks then proceeded to explain the treacherous role of the social democracy that murdered Liebknecht and Luxemburg.

The last speaker of the evening was Comrade Ludwig Rose who spoke in German. Before the meeting adjourned resolution was adopted demanding that the government of the state of Michigan release the most valiant fighter for working class freedom—C. E. Ruthenberg.

Party Activities Of Local Chicago

Chicago C. C. C. Meeting.
On account of Lenin memorial day here, held on the basis of the regular C. C. C. meeting date of the city central committee meeting of Workers' Party, Local Chicago, will be held on Tuesday, Jan. 20, 8 p. m. at 722 10th Island avenue. Delegates take notice and be present.

ONE PER CENT MORE JOBS IN N. Y. STATE

But Small Rise Still Leaves Jobless Army

(By The Federated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Employment in New York state factories ran counter to the usual seasonal trend, rising 1 per cent below the level of December, according to the monthly report of the state industrial commissioner. This brings the monthly payroll to a level 2 per cent below the peak of the 1923 business boom. Tens of thousands employed in the state at that time are still out of work.

The record gain, according to the report, was due to improvement in the basic industries making products made on which the main changes in the business cycle depend. Significant changes by industries were a 12 per cent increase in employment in pig iron and steel mills; replacement of 2,000 workers in brass and copper establishments; increase in cotton mill operations to the level of Jan. 1924 leaving 2,000 who had jobs during peak employment of 1920 still out of work; heavy seasonal declines in workers employed by the material concerns; heavy seasonal layoffs in men's clothing and in the canning industry.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'LAHERTY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

planned the great revolution and brought the Soviet regime safely thru crisis after crisis, weathered every storm and as today more strongly entrenched in the confidence of the masses than ever.

SINCE the first Lenin memorial was held one year ago, the Ramsay MacDonald government has passed all of the pictures. About all it accomplished while it existed was to put the "lawless" plan for the capitalists who were at their wits end to tell themselves out of the morass in which they had foundered. They must have the benevolent neutrality of the workers in order to get back to terra firma. The capitalists came in handy. Of course, MacDonald recognized the Soviet government but the avowedly capitalist parties could have done that in any event. Ramsay had recognition and the labor movement. What else could Ramsay do?

THE Ramsay MacDonald government accomplished nothing of value to the working class. It was willing to serve the capitalists. When the latter decided they could get along without MacDonald they framed up on him and now he is wintering in the Caribbean Sea. Soviet Russia, on the other hand, led by the Communist has gone from one victory to another. France, the most formidable foe of the Soviet government on the continent of Europe, finally resumed relations with Moscow.

IN the East, China recognized the Soviet power and today is signing the Nine Points. Japan is about to sign a treaty with Russia and even the proud and vulgar bourgeoisie of the United States have given Charles Evans Hughes his walking papers and are carrying on the task for which Liebknecht and Luxemburg were murdered.

A spontaneous applause greeted the chairman's introduction of the "principal speaker of the evening" Comrade Naomi Litvakoff of the Philadelphia Juniors. The short speech made by this twelve year old girl held the audience spellbound.

Comrade H. M. Wicks was the next speaker. He started out by relating the activities of an American Liebknecht who was put behind the bar to serve a sentence of from three to ten years. No sooner had Wicks mentioned the name of C. E. Ruthenberg than the audience burst into great applause. At that point an appeal for a collection was made for the Ruthenberg Defense which netted \$51.70.

Comrade Wicks then proceeded to explain the treacherous role of the social democracy that murdered Liebknecht and Luxemburg.

The last speaker of the evening was Comrade Ludwig Rose who spoke in German. Before the meeting adjourned resolution was adopted demanding that the government of the state of Michigan release the most valiant fighter for working class freedom—C. E. Ruthenberg.

Party Activities Of Local Chicago

Chicago C. C. C. Meeting.
On account of Lenin memorial day here, held on the basis of the regular C. C. C. meeting date of the city central committee meeting of Workers' Party, Local Chicago, will be held on Tuesday, Jan. 20, 8 p. m. at 722 10th Island avenue. Delegates take notice and be present.

District 5 Averages Nearly \$1 a Member in Daily Worker Drive—Has the Lead

District 5 has 1,294 members. The contributions to date to insure central party organ total \$128.00. This is nearly \$1.00 per member, or one-third of the quota assigned.

This district lies in the western Pennsylvania mining and steel belt. The workers here have been hardened in innumerable struggles and the party members know, therefore, that every weapon we have must be maintained and improved.

Many District 5 Branches Make Heavy Contributions

Very generous contributions have been received from many District 5 branches. We hope that the spirit shown in making these initial contributions will continue until all quotas are filled.

Rural Ridge, English (McKee Rocks)	\$ 51.00
East Pittsburgh	100.00
N. S. Pittsburgh, English (Blankenstein)	68.00
N. S. Pittsburgh, English (Cooper)	14.00
McDonald, English	32.00
Dalystown, Finnish	40.00
Glasport, Finnish	25.00
Moscow, Finnish	57.00
New Castle, Pa., Finnish	10.00
Pittsburgh, Finnish	65.00
Chickasaw, Pa., Italian	4.00
Houston, Italian	9.00
Pittsburgh, Greek	41.00
Avella, Pa., Hungarian	19.00
McKeesport, Pa., Hungarian	16.00
Pittsburgh, Jewish	105.00
Pittsburgh, Lithuanian	81.00
Cannonsburg, Pa., Russian	11.00
Tridalephia, W. Va., Russian	50.00
Pittsburgh, Russian	28.00
Dunmore, Pa., Russian	6.00
Republic, Pa., Slovak	10.00
Pittsburgh, South Slavic	45.00
Pittsburgh, South Slavic	28.00
Ambridge, Pa., South Slavic	80.00
Bentleyville, Pa., South Slavic	70.00
Bulger, Pa., South Slavic	34.00
Dunbar, Pa., South Slavic	16.00
Export, Pa., South Slavic	35.00
Yazette City, Pa., South Slavic	15.00
Harmarville, Pa., South Slavic	10.00
Lawrence, Pa., South Slavic	10.00
Liberty, Pa., South Slavic	20.00
McKeesport, Pa., South Slavic	18.00
Meadowlands, Pa., South Slavic	9.00
New Brighton, Pa., South Slavic	10.00
Uniontown, Pa., South Slavic	19.00
Verona, Pa., South Slavic	21.00
Woodlawn, Pa., South Slavic	21.00
Uniontown, Pa., South Slavic	35.00
Turtle Creek, Pa., South Slavic	80.00
Pittsburgh, Ukrainian	11.00
Total	\$128.00

However, the insurance job in District 5 is not yet completed. There are many branches that have not as yet sold Insurance Policies to their members, or having sold them, have not remitted. There are, in fact, 44 such branches.

We Must Hear from These 44 Branches At Once!

CZECHOSLOVAK—Curtistville, Pa.
ENGLISH BRANCHES—Burguer, Pa.; Houston, Pa.; Monessen, Pa.; Turtle Creek, Pa.; Yukon, Pa.
FINNISH BRANCHES—Clarkburg, W. Va.; Cannonsburg, Pa.
GREEK BRANCHES—Ambridge, Pa.; McKeesport, Pa.; Wheeling, W. Va.
HUNGARIAN BRANCHES—Dalystown, Pa.; Ellwood City, Pa.; Windber, Pa.
ITALIAN BRANCHES—Marianna, Pa.; McKeesport, Pa.; Vandergrift, Pa.; Cluffan, Pa.; Iselin, Pa.
LITHUANIAN BRANCHES—Wilmerding, Pa.; Pittsburgh; McKees Rocks, Pa.
POLISH—Ambridge, Pa.
RUSSIAN BRANCHES—Simpson, Pa.; Benwood, W. Va.; McKeesport, Pa.
SOUTH SLAVIC BRANCHES—Burgertown, Pa.; Dunora, Pa.; Liberty, Pa.; McKees Rocks, Pa.; Marianna, Pa.; Rankin, Pa.; Waukegan, Pa.; Avella, Pa.; Conemaugh, Pa.; Strabane, Pa.; Hendersonsville, Pa.; Riverville, Pa.; Tridalephia, W. Va.
UKRAINIAN BRANCHES—Johnstown, Pa.; Monessen, Pa.; McKees Rocks, Pa.; McKeesport, Pa.; Leechburg, Pa.

It would be a quite proper Communist aspiration if the branches in District 5 would decide to keep their lead. Of the 48 branches in the district 42 have taken part in the insurance campaign and 44 have not. If returns can be secured from the 44 that have not been heard from in a measure equally generous as the 42 militant branches shown, then District 5 should have its quota two-thirds filled within the month.

District DAILY WORKER Agent Fred Merrick and District Organizer I. Blankenstein have a right to the help of every member in the district to accomplish this. Call on either one and lend a hand in our effort to fully INSURE THE DAILY WORKER FOR 1925.

Culture

Work

BAZAAR

For the professional schools in Russia and Ukraina, will be held at

Douglas Park Auditorium

Corner Ogden and Kedzie Aves.

FOUR DAYS—JANUARY 22-24-25

General Admission 50c; for four days

First Class Program—including Children's Masquerade Ball, also movie from Jewish life in Russia will be shown.

Auspices, Jewish Workers' Relief Committee.

JAP INTERESTS IN DEADLOCK ON SOVIET STAND

Expect Recognition As Inevitable Result

(By Rosta News Agency)
MUKDEN, Dec. 16 (By Mail).—The hesitation and vacillation of the Japanese government in negotiations with Soviet Russia and the present deadlock reflect the struggle that is going on outside the scope of the conference itself.

The following details are available from a well-informed foreign source.

Navy Needs Oil Supplies.
The ministry of navy, being interested in securing oil supplies for the Japanese fleet, insists on a prompt conclusion of an agreement.

This department considers that the Soviet propositions are acceptable and satisfy Japan's national interests as well as those of the navy, whose very existence will be in case of war hinge on the balance of oil.

However, the navy ministry's insistence meets with opposition on the part of Manchurian interests and the interests of other financial groups, which are actually working in northern Sakhalin under the firm of Hokushu-kai.

These have to their hearts not so much the national interests of Japan as those of their own pockets, and therefore, while they are jeopardizing the relations between Japan and Soviet Russia, they bring pressure to bear on the government in order to delay the most advantageous terms for their enterprise.

The second fighting line, so to say, runs between the present cabinet and the privy council, which has lately been trying to re-establish its influence in questions of foreign policy, and, according to the former's feelings, is stubbornly bent upon proving that it is right and not the cabinet, in making the foreign policy.

This struggle is sometimes in the nature of a very bitter one and does a good deal of harm to the national prestige of Japan.

Personal Element Enters.
Lastly, the third fighting line runs along the relations between Mr. Yoshizawa, Japanese minister at Peking, and Minister of Foreign Affairs Shidehara, whose divergence of views between them on the Russian question has caused a split when any question which could easily be settled under another department is actually complicated by an element of personal rivalry.

Rumors spreading in Tokyo have it that Mr. Shidehara wishes to charge a new person with negotiations with the Soviet Union, but that, however, he hesitates to do it in view of Mr. Yoshizawa's popularity and because the latter has already done the main part of the work.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

RECOGNITION OF SOVIET RUSSIA WILL SOON BE AGREED TO BY JAPS

(Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 18.—The New York Times, in a copyrighted wireless from Tokyo, Japan, declares that the vernacular newspapers are printing the text of the draft agreement between Soviet Russia and Japan, reached through negotiations in Peking between Yoshizawa, the Japanese minister, and Kato Karakhan, the Soviet ambassador to China, which are said to be nearing a successful conclusion.

It was stated at the foreign office today that three points remain unsettled, with both delegations awaiting further instructions from their respective governments, which, it is believed, will clear up the last details.

Russia demands immediate evacuation of northern Sakhalin by Japanese troops, while Japan undertakes to do so "as soon as practicable." The Japanese view is that evacuation would be difficult while the island is ice-bound.

The draft of the agreement, which is published today and which is confirmed in official circles as "correct, but not quite complete on account of the unsettled points," is divided into six articles and two protocols, besides five annotations.

Terms of the Agreement.
The main features are as follows: Article 1 provides for the immediate resumption of diplomatic and consular relations between the two countries.

Under Article 2 Russia undertakes to recognize the Portsmouth treaty, and the continuation or revision of other treaties is deferred to a later conference.

Article 3 deals with fisheries and maintains the present system of leasing fishing lots pending the conclusion of a new convention.

Article 4 calls for negotiating a treaty of commerce and navigation, each country being placed "as far as possible" on the basis of the most favored nation.

Article 5 deals with propaganda. Russia undertakes to carry out propaganda in Japan "for purposes of corrupting political or social institutions."

In Article 6 the Soviet government indicates its readiness to grant the Japanese government of Japanese subjects concessions for exploiting the minerals, forests and other natural resources in Soviet territory.

It is pointed out that Mr. Shidehara wishes to charge a new person with negotiations with the Soviet Union, but that, however, he hesitates to do it in view of Mr. Yoshizawa's popularity and because the latter has already done the main part of the work.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

Urges Transfer to Moscow.
The Japanese foreign minister recently submitted a proposition to the cabinet, that the negotiations be transferred to Moscow, whether he really to send a special delegate.

The reasons given by the foreign minister in favor of such a plan were that the Japanese minister in Peking, being so busy with Chinese domestic affairs, there could not give due attention. However, strong opposition was voiced against this plan in the Premier Kato. Nevertheless, it is believed that Mr. Shidehara will carry his point.

GERMAN TRAITOR SOCIALISTS LOSE EVEN THEIR JOBS

Have Destroyed Unions, Can't Call Strikes

(Special to The Daily Worker)
BERLIN, Jan. 18.—The German revolutionary workers' movement has been further crushed by the new cabinet of Dr. Luther, presiding further pressure of new fascist measures on the workers. The leading business of the cabinet is now to shift the tax burden even more than formerly from the rich to the poor by raising the duties on imported commodities and to wipe out in every way possible the once widely cherished gains of the 1918 revolution.

For this purpose the cabinet has been looting the workers' movement. The social-democratic everything has been lost to the workers gained when they ran the Kaiser out and declared a republic. Now even these social-democrats are outmaneuvered and a thoroughly capitalist cabinet is in power, and at Luther's—the socialist's—permission.

The degeneration of the social-democratic cabinet is complete. Good lack of the bourgeoisie that they are, they are now shut out and are talking of "housewifery strikes," but they have already betrayed and nearly destroyed the trade union, which they control by exploitation of communists and war of the left wing, so the monarchists merely laugh at them. Millions of workers are turning to the Communist.

Recognition of Soviet Russia by U. S. Is Expected Very Soon
(Continued from page 1)
Teaching the Capitalists.
He said Soviet diplomacy was giving allied diplomats a valuable education in the art of understanding the underlying principle on which Soviet economy is based.

The capitalist powers are handicapped in putting up a united front against the Soviet Union by their conflicting interests. But there might be temporary agreements he said and it would be a good idea to keep a close watch on the movements. For the moment their main sphere of activity was in China, the rest of the world having been already parcelled out.

The United States, having South America under its thumb is now entering the European field and fast reducing it to the status of a colony of Wall Street.

A Huge Joke.
Rakovsky laughed when showed photographs from Riga to the effect that the Communists would set up a parliamentary form of government in Russia in the near future at which non-partisan candidates would be allowed to run for office.

The idiot who wrote the dispatch should know that the intelligent portion of the readers of the capitalist press are already aware of the fact that non-partisan candidates run for election to the Soviets and are some times elected, but the hold of the Communists on the masses is strong, with the result that they are always returned in great majorities.

Rakovsky said that Riga is one of the many places where capitalists who have no other viable means of support, but living, have out. They make a precarious living by lying about the Soviet government but in government in the world pays any attention to their yarns now.

Expect Recognition Of Soviet Rule By The Czechoslovaks
(By Rosta News Agency)
MOSCOW, Jan. 18.—The Prague press is responsible for the publication of a report emanating from the "parliamentary circles" to the effect that the recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics by Czechoslovakia is a matter of the very near future.

The social-democratic papers accuse the ministry of foreign affairs of delaying the issue and carrying on a hostile policy, demanding a definite official statement on unconditional recognition.

The Narodny Cabochazsky, the organ of the Czech Legionnaires, writes about the white emigrants that "in spite of foreign material and moral support, their morbid character is now evident, and their doom is sealed." Even the clerical press, with the exception of the extreme right wing papers, declare that after British and French recognition there is nothing left for the government but to recognize the Soviet Union.

It is also reported from Berlin that the German papers expect the recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics by Czechoslovakia within the nearest future.

New York Workers' School Activities

Monday, Jan. 19.
Class in American Economic and Social History, conducted by A. Trachtenberg, starts 8 p. m. sharp. Registration is still open for party members.

Tuesday, Jan. 20.
Class in the International Communist Movement, given by William Weinstein, meets 8 p. m.

Carl Brodsky conducts class in Public Speaking, 8 p. m. This is open to all.

Wednesday, January 20.
U. S. World Steel Island.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18.—Seven hundred American planters who own \$25,000,000 worth of property on the island of Pines, forty miles south of Cuba, are seeking to induce congress to interpret treaties with Spain to mean that the sale of Pine belongs to the United States.

The island, which is now administered by Cuba, is one of the garden spots of the world. It is settled with American planters and fruit growers.

Friday, January 22.
Ludwig Low will continue his lectures on current events at 8 p. m. Course in Marxism is given by Jacob Mindel, 8 p. m. Party members may still enroll.

Saturday, January 23.
A course in Public Speaking for trade union militants is given by Carl Brodsky, 8 p. m.

Clipping Bureau Organized.
The Workers' School has organized a clipping bureau, something which our active militants have long been waiting for. Much help is needed to gather and file material. There is a pile of newspapers and magazines in the school office which must be clipped and filed immediately. Comrades are urged to come over on Saturday afternoon to assist in the work.

Make it a habit to come over and help whenever you have time during the day or evening.

Vetcherinka Saturday Eve. Jan. 24.
The school will hold a vetcherinka at 208 East 12th street on Saturday evening, January 24.

Oliver Carlson will speak on "Communist and Labor Education in Great Britain." Interesting entertainment, and dancing will follow.

Comrades should keep their attendance. Those who have attended Workers' School vetcherinkas know that a good time awaits them, and newcomers will learn the same.

Call Aliens to Examine Diet.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 18.—A sweeping federal probe of the booze parties that 16-year-old Dorothy Elkinson, who killed her mother, attended, and announcement that a board of five aliens probably would examine the girl soon, were dominating news items in California's most unusual murder case.

Music by Young Workers League Orchestra.

Speakers:
WM. F. DUNNE EARL R. BROWDER
J. LOUIS ENGBAHL ARNE SWABECK
GORDON OWENS

Workers Party and Young Workers League, Local Chicago

ADMISSION 25 CENTS

The Labor Movement today is a product of the class struggle. Its ultimate goal is to assume control. But the Labor Movement to assume power—must of necessity have developed to a high stage of organization, theoretical knowledge and will to power.

To all these requirements, the DAILY WORKER is a great contributing factor—and when you build it—at the very simple task of securing at least one new sub—you are building the Revolutionary Labor Movement into a monument marking another, greater step in history.

This brick will make a valuable addition to such a monument.

Send it to
THE DAILY WORKER
1113 W. Washington Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois.

RATES
\$6.00 a year \$3.50 6 months \$2.00 3 months
1% CASH—\$1.00 a year \$1.50 6 months \$1.25 3 months

THE NEW SUBSCRIPTION TO BUILD THE DAILY WORKER

NAME
STREET
CITY STATE

WHOLESALE PRICES HIGHER THAN ANY TIME SINCE APRIL IN 1923

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Wholesale commodity prices increased 2 1/2 per cent in December as compared with the preceding month, the bureau of labor statistics of the department of labor reported today. In no month since April, 1923, the bureau stated, have the prices averaged so high. Farm prices increased considerably during the month, due largely to advances in grain, cattle, hogs, sheep, eggs, and hay.

Expect Recognition Of Soviet Rule By The Czechoslovaks
(By Rosta News Agency)
MOSCOW, Jan. 18.—The Prague press is responsible for the publication of a report emanating from the "parliamentary circles" to the effect that the recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics by Czechoslovakia is a matter of the very near future.

The social-democratic papers accuse the ministry of foreign affairs of delaying the issue and carrying on a hostile policy, demanding a definite official statement on unconditional recognition.

The Narodny Cabochazsky, the organ of the Czech Legionnaires, writes about the white emigrants that "in spite of foreign material and moral support, their morbid character is now evident, and their doom is sealed." Even the clerical press, with the exception of the extreme right wing papers, declare that after British and French recognition there is nothing left for the government but to recognize the Soviet Union.

It is also reported from Berlin that the German papers expect the recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics by Czechoslovakia within the nearest future.

Expect Recognition Of Soviet Rule By The Czechoslovaks
(By Rosta News Agency)
MOSCOW, Jan. 18.—The Prague press is responsible for the publication of a report emanating from the "parliamentary circles" to the effect that the recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics by Czechoslovakia is a matter of the very near future.

The social-democratic papers accuse the ministry of foreign affairs of delaying the issue and carrying on a hostile policy, demanding a definite official statement on unconditional recognition.

The Narodny Cabochazsky, the organ of the Czech Legionnaires, writes about the white emigrants that "in spite of foreign material and moral support, their morbid character is now evident, and their doom is sealed." Even the clerical press, with the exception of the extreme right wing papers, declare that after British and French recognition there is nothing left for the government but to recognize the Soviet Union.

It is also reported from Berlin that the German papers expect the recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics by Czechoslovakia within the nearest future.

Expect Recognition Of Soviet Rule By The Czechoslovaks
(By Rosta News Agency)
MOSCOW, Jan. 18.—The Prague press is responsible for the publication of a report emanating from the "parliamentary circles" to the effect that the recognition of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics by Czechoslovakia is a matter of the very near future.

The social-democratic papers accuse the ministry of foreign affairs of delaying the issue and carrying on a hostile policy, demanding a definite official statement on unconditional recognition.

OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A PROCK. A PROCK FOR MOTHER'S GIRL.



1925. Flax woolen was chosen for this model. One could use wool jersey or challis. This style is good also foringham and other wash fabrics.

The pattern is cut in four sizes: 12 and 14 years. It made as illustrated in the large view for a 14 year size 3 yards of 20 inch material will be required. If made with long sleeve 3 1/2 yards will be required. For the collar of contrasting material 1/2 yard is required.

Address: THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Boulevard, Chicago, Ill. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern.

Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern.

Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern.

Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern.

Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern.

Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern.

Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern.

Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern.

Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern. Send 12c in stamps for pattern.

